THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
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4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

For Almanac—August 27.

Sun Rises	5 27 A M
Sun Sets	6.35 A M
Day's Length	13 h 8 m
High Water at Southport	1.40 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3 37 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 27

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°; 8 p m, 78°; maximum, 85°; minimum, 72°; mean 78°.

Rainfall for the day ——; rainfall for the month up to date, 5.36

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair, followed by light showers in the afternoon; easterly winds.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There was 2 30 inches of rain at Kingston, S. C., yesterday, and two inches at Cheraw; but generally the rainfall in the cotton belt was light. The maximum temperature in Wilmington was 85 degrees; Charlotte, 84; Goldsboro, 86, Greensboro, 84; Raleigh, 84; Weldon and Lumberton, 86; Newbern, 88.

OUTLINES

Four negro murderers were taken from the jail at Yreka, Cal, and lynched; at Springfield, Ky., a negro murderer was hanged by a mob of negroes. —— At Dexter, Mo., Oscar Cunningham, a young man, died from the effects of cigarette poisoning. —— The New York *Sun's* review of the situation in cotton. —— Record of games of base ball yesterday. —— The recovery of Secretary of State Coke is considered doubtful. —— Senator Butler says the free coinage men will thoroughly organize in the State. —— Ex-Representative Cheatham states that there will be no independent political action of the negroes. —— Thos. M. King, Vice-President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and Gen. John Gill, Receiver of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, start on a tour of inspection over the Roanoke & Southern and the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley railroads, the object being to determine the practicability of bringing those lines into close alliance with the Baltimore & Ohio. —— At Maspeth, L. I, Jack Skelly was knocked out by Frank Erne, and Jim Handler was knocked down and out by Kid Lavigne. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1 per cent, last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1; cotton steady —middling gulf 8 1-16c; middling 7 13-16c; Southern flour was dull and weak—common to fair extra $2.00@2 80; good to choice $2.90@3 00; wheat dull and lower with options, closing firm—No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66@66¼c; afloat 67½@67¾c; corn dull and easier with options, but held firmly on light supply—No. 2 at elevator 43½c; afloat 44½c; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27½@27¾c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

Mrs. Taylor, of Florida, recently ran up unexpectedly against a 250 pound bear, but instead of apologizing, she grapped a club and laid the bear out. Ever since then Mr. Taylor never remains out later than 10 o'clock p. m.

Some of the Kentucky gold organs are accusing Hardin, Democratic candidate for Governor, of "bad faith." Bad fiddlesticks. They knew just where Hardin stood when they nominated him, and he stands now just where he stood then.

The Savannah *News* remarks that "Campbell's success in Ohio in the forthcoming election would probably direct public attention to another piece of Presidential timber." In that event very likely, but as there is not the slightest likelihood of that event, public attention will hardly be called in that direction.

A Brooklyn policeman who studied anatomy for four days so that he could shoot himself artistically and get out of that town, proved such a dull scholar that the doctors found no difficulty in pulling the bullet out. But with the Brooklyn trolley why should this man have wasted four days reading up on anatomy?

A Michigan Justice of the Peace, who judicially suggested the Solomon plan of settling the proprietorship of a dog which was in dispute, didn't meet with a signal success. One of the claimants agreed to dividing the dog and taking half, but the other fellow not only objected but lit into 'Squire, knocked him dizzy and walked off with all of the dog.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 130. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,837

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

Mr. Gomez, of Cuba, or somebody else is doing a great deal of lying about his case. The Spaniards had him killed in battle twice, and finally carried him off with a case of consumption But two days after he had died of consumption, a friend in Philadelphia received a letter from him stating that he never felt better in his life. Now if he is really dead, what is the use of his repeatedly bobbing up and denying it?

In no State Democratic Convention yet held have the advocates of the single gold standard dared make a fight on that issue. President Cleveland favors the single gold standard, Secretary Carlisle favors it, Secretary Hoke Smith favors it, Secretary Morton favors it. Yet we find none of their followers bold enough to propose anything stronger than the old financial straddle of 1892. This is significant.

Senator Frye, of Maine, rises to remark that he "would as soon be governed by negroes as by the Irish." This simply shows that some men are not very particular, but as there is not the most distant probability of his being governed by either while he continues to domicile in Maine the particular occasion for this remark is not apparent.

The American locomotive is forging to the front in Japan. Col. Cockerill, correspondent of the New York *Herald*, says the Baldwin Works, at Philadelphia, have sold seventy-three in that country, and these have demonstrated their superiority over locomotives from other countries, especially in climbing high grades

Some of the Northern papers are still protesting against sending the Liberty bell to Atlanta. But why, if an imitation bull fight would fill the bill as a drawer, shouldn't an imitation Liberty bell do as well? A good imitation would be quite as inspiring, and would draw about as well.

A bank in Tacoma failed with liabilities of $379,000 and assets of $444 in silver. The people out there are not marvelling so much over the failure as to how those $444 were overlooked and left behind.

A record of 540 miles in 538 minutes, recently made between London and Aberdeen, isn't bad for a run of that distance. But it doesn't come up to some of the runs made on some of our roads.

The London *Chronicle* announces that the Ameer of Afghanistan is on his ear on account of a fancied snub by the Queen to his son, who is now in England, but considers it a mere freak.

As old man Mora is 87 years old and has encountered many vicissitudes, it is not surprising that he relinquished the interest on his claim against Spain to get the principal.

China claims the oldest civilization in the world. It is so old that it is about played out.

Japan is threatened with an invasion, by the Salvation army.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. M. CUMMING—Removal.
BASE BALL—At Hilton Park.
W. B. COOPER—Sugar for silver.
JAS. D. NUTT—To residents on Sound

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR SALE—Land in East Wilmington.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There was 8.3 feet of water in the river at Fayetteville Sunday at 8 a. m.

— Buffalo Bill's Wild West show is booked to exhibit in Wilmington on the 17th of October.

— Rev. G. M. Tolson, late a minister of the Baptist denomination, was confirmed Sunday afternoon in St. James' Episcopal Church, by Bishop Watson.

— On account of the Holiness Convocation at Durham, N. C., September 17th to 22d, 1895, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $7.70.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

City Court.

Mayor pro tem Harriss presided in the City Court yesterday.

David Murphy, colored, charged with throwing stones at a train on the W., N. & N. Railroad, was sent to the Superior Court under bond of fifty dollars.

Ansill Freeman, colored, drunk and disorderly, was sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars or work twenty days on the streets.

Betsey Ann Richardson, colored, was fined $20 or thirty days' work on the streets for disorderly conduct.

Ed. Connor, colored, disorderly, $20 fine or thirty days' work on the street.

Lizzie Carroll, colored, disorderly conduct, fined $20 or thirty days' work on the streets.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Lou Augustine has returned from visiting friends in Newbern.

— Mr. W. H. Gates left yesterday for Cleveland Springs to spend his vacation.

— Miss Mamie Mayo and Miss Files of Carolina Beach, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. B. F. Keith, Jr., has returned from a visit to his family at Black River.

— Miss Pearl Galloway, who has been visiting friends at Laurinburg, has returned home.

— Mr. W. G. Burkhead and Mr. D. J. Lewis, of Whiteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Dozier L. Latta, a clerk in the Auditor's office of the A. C. L., has gone to Baltimore on a visit.

— Dr. L. Hussey, of Warsaw, and Dr. C. J. Sawyer, of Beleross, N. C., were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. D. Sternberger, of Scotland Neck, has been in the city several days visiting Mr. J. J. Sternberger.

— Mr. Albert Webb, of the A. C. L. office, has returned from a vacation spent in Eastern North Carolina.

— Mr. Champ Davis and Dr. Oscar Wright returned from a visit to Niagara Falls and Eastern cities yesterday.

— The STAR regrets to learn that Mr. Wm. Flanagan, of the A. C. Line, is confined to his room by sickness.

— Capt. Geo. Morrison, of The Orton, who has been at Mt. Airy for his health, has returned much improved.

— Miss Helen Stedman, of Bladen, who has been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Bernard, left for home yesterday.

— Mr. J. C. Higgins, one of the A. C. L. division train masters from Rocky Mount, was here on business yesterday.

— Mr. C. M. Higgins, a popular drug clerk, well-known in Wilmington, has accepted a position with Mr. Jas. D. Nutt.

— Miss Lissberger, of Richmond, Va., who has been visiting Mrs. S. H. Fishblate at Ocean View, has returned home.

— Mrs. W. E. Pickard and daughter Miss Grace Pickard, are visiting the family of Conductor J. J. Garvey at Rocky Mount.

— Miss Bessie Struthers, a popular young lady of Philadelphia, who has been visiting Miss Lizzie Struthers, left for her home yesterday.

— Mrs. J. A. Albright, of Ashboro, and her cousin, Miss P. O. Albright, of Greensboro, are in the city visiting Mr. Jack Albright.

— Mr. John H. Gore left for Wake Forest College yesterday to finish his course. He was accompanied by Messrs. Geo. M. Baidwin and Claude Gore, who enter for their first year.

— Mr. S. J. Smith, Rowland; Mrs. J. S. Westbrook, Faison; Mrs. F. G. Westbrook, Bay View; G. W. Westbrook, Wrightsville; Wm. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Newbern; J. S. Hartsell, Clinton; S. F. Craig, Southport; E. Porter, Rocky Point; F. McNeill, Rockingham; W. J. Brown, Florence; Geo. V. Tilley, Chapel Hill; J. A. Smith, Bessemer City; E. K. Proctor, Jr., Lumberton; J. A. Brown, Chadbourn, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

What Is Thought of the New Plan and Its Results to Wilmington.

Referring to the article in the STAR concerning the Standard Oil Company, the Charlotte *News* says:

"The Standard Oil Company, so the STAR says, is to make Wilmington its distributing point for the Carolinas and Georgia. This will mean the building there of large storage houses and a barrel factory, and an immense increase in the freight traffic of all the roads of that city. The port of Wilmington offers peculiar advantages for the character of business the Standard proposes to establish there. The harbor is deep and spacious, the water front ample and convenient and the railroad facilities are just right. It is a good stroke of business for that town, and its people should feel very much encouraged thereby."

A Bad Accident.

Lloyd Russell, a negro boy 15 years old, was seriously injured yesterday. He was on one of the city carts, driven by Moseley Pearsall, colored, and at Thirteenth and Princess streets, where the load of trash was to be dumped, stood on one of the shafts. When the cart-body was tipped the horse made a dash and Russell was thrown off, striking on his head. Pearsall carried the boy in an unconscious condition to the Atlantic engine house, where Dr. Russell, city physician, attended him. The boy has since been unconscious and it is feared he was fatally injured.

Bicycle Trip from Carolina Beach to Ocean View.

Mr. P. Heinsberger, Jr., and Mr. A. J. Flanner, members of the Bicycle Club, Sunday afternoon last had a very pleasant ride on their wheels over a new route. They rode from Carolina Beach, starting at 4.80 p. m., to Ocean View, arriving at 6 p. m., making the entire trip along the coast in one hour and thirty minutes, and against the wind. They were transferred over Masonboro Inlet in a row boat. On arriving at Ocean view they boarded the train for Wilmington.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE.

J. W. Meacham's Application for Reduction of Bond—The Bond Reduced to $500—Mr. A. J. Marshall Becomes His Surety.

As had been agreed upon by his Honor, Judge O. P. Meares, Mr. J. W. Meacham's case was set for a hearing at 12 o'clock noon yesterday At the appointed time Judge Meares appeared. Deputy Sheriff King cried "Silence in Court." A few moments afterwards Mr. Meacham was ushered into the court room, accompanied by his attorney, Mr. A. J. Marshall. There were very few spectators present, the majority of them being newspaper men. This was due to the fact that the newspapers were the only ones notified at what hour the hearing would take place.

Mr. Marshall arose and asked the court to wait a few minutes for Mr. Marsden Bellamy, the counsel for the prosecution, which was granted. Mr. Bellamy arrived a few minutes afterwards, whereupon the Judge began the hearing, as follows:

Mr. Marshall argued that the bond should be reduced because Meacham was a poor man; that he was only an employe of the Dispatch Publishing Company, at a stated salary, and that everything he wrote was under the supervision and direction of the owners of the paper. For this reason, he urged, they were the really responsible parties, and Meacham should be released on giving a bond much smaller in amount than the one required of him on the preliminary examination.

Mr. Marsden Bellamy, representing the prosecution, stated that he would interpose no objection to a reduction of the bail. He was entirely willing that it should be fixed at a reasonable sum.

The argument of counsel occupied but a few minutes, and at its close the Court announced that the bond would be reduced one-half, or from $1,000 to $500,

Mr. Meacham was at once taken back to the jail, while his attorney saw some heretofore intimate friends to try and secure bondsmen. At about 8 o'clock last night his attorney, finding that he could not secure it, justified in the amount himself, and Mr. Meacham, who has been incarcerated since Friday last, was released from custody.

CAPSIZED ON A REEF.

A Boating Party from Masonboro in a Bad Predicament.

Sunday afternoon a party of young men—Messrs. George and Henry Peschau, Morgan Turrentine, R. J. Price, C. H. Robinson, Jr., and Lonnie Southerland—attempted to sail from Masonboro Inlet to Wrightsville Inlet, but their boat struck on a reef and capsized near Wrightsville beach, throwing them into the water, which, fortunately, was only about three feet in depth. They were seen by persons on the beach, and a call was made for a boat with which to go to their assistance, but no boat could be found. Mr. Harry Latham got a line and with the assistance of Mr. J. D. Skelding swam with it out to the reef, when the boat was righted, the line made fast and the party were hauled ashore.

In the meantime, Capt. Oscar Grant, Superintendent of the Seacoast Road, took the engine and a car and ran over to Wrightsville, where he got a boat with a colored crew and in a short time had it in the water, but not in time to be of assistance. The crew of this boat were so prompt and worked so energetically to go to the aid of the young men, that a collection amounting to $11.25 was taken up for their benefit.

Severely Injured.

Mr. E. D. J. Furlong, of this city, who has been employed for some time as distiller at the Imperial Pine Product Company's Works, near Smith's creek, just outside the limits of the city, was severely injured about 4.80 o'clock Sunday afternoon, while tightening the manhole plate, a part of the machiney above the boiler. He was on top of the boiler at work when one of the joints of the manhole plate blew out, knocking him from the boiler to the ground and severely scalding him on the back and breaking his right arm in two places, at the wrist and between that point and the forearm. He went at once to the street car depot at Hilton and rode to the junction of the line at Front and Princess streets, where he met Dr. Burbank, who took him into Mr. J. C. Mund's drug store, and after cutting the clothes from the injured parts, dressed the wounds. The burns were severe and the arm badly broken and the flesh mangled. Mr. Furlong was then carried to his home at 218 Church street, where he was resting easy last night.

Odd Fellows' Orphans.

The I. O. O. F. orphans of Goldsboro arrived here yesterday morning at 10 o'clock over the W. & W. R. R., under the care of Superintendent J. H. Deans, Mrs. E. W. Moore, Miss Luzelia Deans and Miss Carrie Moore. They were met by a committee from the four lodges of the city.

Miss Jennie Dudley presented each of the orphans with a badge, on which was: "I. O. O. F. Our Children. Ocean View and Southport, August 27th and 28th, 1895." The Seacoast train was in waiting at the depot, where the little ones embarked for Ocean View and where they spent the day and night, as the guests of Mrs. Davis, at Ocean View Hotel. They will come up to the city this morning, and on the steamer *Wilmington* will go to Southport, where they will spend the day as the guests of Atlantic Lodge 48 of that place; Returning to the city in the afternoon, they will be entertained by members of the four lodges of the city, and will leave to-morrow afternoon.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE BICYCLE CONTEST.

Charlotte Too Much for Wilmington—But the Boys Are Not Crying Over Their Defeat—Cordially Received and Hospitably Entertained.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Aug. 26.

EDITOR STAR:—Saturday night when we arrived we were met at the depot and escorted to our hotel by a large delegation of wheelmen, headed by Mr. J. E. Carson, the genial and clever secretary of the Charlotte Club. A number of ladies were present to extend a welcome to our team, and several were mounted on tandems.

Every arrangement had been made for our comfort, and too much cannot be said in praise of the thoughtful and efficient management of the Committee of Arrangements. The boys of the "Queen City" are certainly a clever set of fellows, and we hope to reciprocate their hospitality at an early date. Through the courtesy of Mr. Carson and others the privileges of the North State Club were extended to us during our stay.

Sunday morning the team attended service at the First Presbyterian Church.

Our boys were somewhat dismayed when they first tried the track, but they soon got on to its curves, and if they can only work their legs fast enough will beat Charlotte this afternoon. It is a quarter of a mile course and the curves are very sharp. The recent rains have not improved its condition, but it is in fairly good order.

The races will take place at 4.00 this afternoon. "Trilby" Turrentine and Sam Springer will open the ball by going the first heat of the quarter-mile race against McMackin, champion of North Carolina, and Harry Shaw, one of the speediest riders on the team.

The judges, selected are Messrs. Heiser, Myers and Rawlings.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

CHARLOTTE, August 26,—The races occurred at 4.30 o'clock this evening. There were three events, each of which was hotly contested. The Charlotte boys did not run away with us by any means; but their track work and experience were too much for us. The races were divided into heats and decided by points. The races resulted as follows:

Quarter mile, first heat, McMackin, 1st; Rankin, 2d; Carson, J. C., 3d, and Springer 4th. Time, 36 seconds. In this heat Rankin made a most beautiful spurt, passing Carson and Springer and finishing about two feet behind McMackin's front wheel. Quarter mile, second heat—Carson, J. S., 1st; Sawyer, 2d; Sadler, 3d; Bunting, 4th. Time, 36 seconds. Bunting lost his pedal in this heat when he was well ahead of Sadler. Quarter mile, second heat—Ward, 1st; Turrentine, 2d. Time, 35 seconds. This was probably the most exciting race of the evening. Neither fell behind two feet during the quarter. Ward gained his advantage on the start.

One mile, first heat—McMackin, 1st; Sadler, 2d; Rankin, 3d; Carson, J. E., 4th; Springer, 5th; Wright, 6th. Time, 2:57. One mile, second heat—Turrentine, 1st; Ward, 2d; Carson, J. S., 3d; Sawyer, 4th. Time, 3:03. Sawyer claimed third in this but was overruled.

Three miles, first heat—McMackin, first; Sadler 2d; Rankin, 3d; Carson, J. E., 4th; Springer, 5th; Wright, 6th. Time, 9:32. Three miles, second heat—Carson, J. S., 1st; Sawyer, 2d; Turrentine, 3d; Sanders, 4th. Time, 8:42.

After the races Messrs. McMackin and Temple did a fast quarter in 32 3-5 seconds; McMackin winning. Temple also gave an exhibition of trick riding.

Many of the ladies wore Wilmington colors. The last seen of Trilby, Jr., he was riding on a tandem with a girl in front. The boys are so much pleased with the warm hospitality of the Charlotte people that they will not return until Wednesday. In the mile race, Turrentine and Bunting drew lots to determine which should ride; Turrentine winning. R.

BASE BALL AT CHARLOTTE.

The Blackstockings Lose Again—Score Ten to Seven.

It is but fair to say that the Wilmington base ball "rooters" were disappointed at the result of the game between the "Quicksteps" at Charlotte yesterday. After the very close game of Saturday, it was generally believed here that Schenck would rally his team today and place them ahead.

But there is no abatement of the interest in the three games to be played here this week between the same clubs. Nor has the confidence of the local "sports" in the ability of the "Blackstockings" to win two of the three games on the home grounds been shaken. The fact is, the Wilmington "rooters" not only expect those five double-eagles to remain right here, but they expect to give the friends of the "Quicksteps" a great many chances to win "coin of the realm" or human cash in any other shape they desire.

The result of the game yesterday was 10 to 7 in favor of the "Quicksteps."

Death of Mrs. Lila Davis Justice.

Mrs. Lila Davis Justice, wife of Mr. E. J. Justice, of Marion, N. C., and eldest daughter of Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, of this city, died last Sunday after a brief illness. Besides her husband she leaves three little girls, the eldest only three years of age. Mr. Cutlar, her father, and members of his family were with her at the time of her death, having gone to Marion to spend the Summer. The funeral took place in Marion yesterday.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Southern fresh fruits: Grapes dull, irregular in quality and prices. Peaches largely under choice and slow of sales; fancy yellow scarce. Huckleberries quiet, supply very moderate. Watermelons easy and quiet. Sweet potatoes in demand and firm. Grapes—North Carolina, carrier, 50c. to $1.50; do. basket, 5 to 25 cents; do do case, 50 to 75 cents; do Maryland and Delaware case, 60 to 75 cents. Peaches, carrier, $1 to 1,25; basket, 35c. to $1.25. Watermelons, hundred, $5 to 14.00; carloads, $75 to 150. Huckleberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart, 6 to 8 cents. Potatoes—Sweet, 75c. to $2.25.

THE RIVAL FIGHTERS.

THE GREAT BATTLE BEWEEN FITZSIMMONS AND CORBETT.

The Fight of the Century—The Terrible Right Hand—The Hitting Muscles—The Neck the Most Vulnerable Part of the Prize Fighter.

[*Augusta Chronicle*]

For the next two months Presidential aspirants, the doings of Kings and Queens, panics and wars, the ups and downs of commerce and other ordinarily interesting news events, will be overshadowed by the modern gladiators, Mr. Corbett and Mr. Fitzsimmons. Should either of these gentlemen run a splinter into his left thumb the news would be flashed to all quarters of the civilized globe. Should Mr. Corbett consume three mutton chops and half a glass of mixed ale for dinner, instead of two mutton chops and a whole glass of mixed ale, his press agent will flaunt the stupendous fact in the face of the anxious world. If Mr. Corbett punches the bag one hundred and sixty-eight times a minute to Mr. Fitzsimmons' one hundred and sixty-four punches in the same space of time, mathematicians will be on hand to show that it will just take Mr. Corbett thirteen rounds two and one eighth minutes to put Mr. Fitzsimmons to sleep.

But should Mr. Fitzsimmons invent a new right hand stomach blow the supporters of Mr. Corbett will become panic-stricken until it is announced that Mr. Corbett has just created a wonderful left-hand upper cut, which will lift Mr. Fitzsimmons into the land of losers.

This is one way of looking at the coming fight at Dallas, Texas, on October 31st, which is to decide the ownership of $61,000, to say nothing of the title of champion, which is worth another $60,000 a year or more.

THE FIGHT OF THE CENTURY.

One thing is certain, that it will be the fight of the century, both men being exponents of the new school of pugilism in which science is everything. Both men are crafty, evenly matched physically, and are after the almighty dollar with a zest and energy which promises a bitter contest. Besides, they hate each other. When Mr. Corbett spat in the face of Mr. Fitzsimmons in a Philadelphia cafe a short time ago he did it for a purpose. He wanted to provoke Fitzsimmons into doing something which will cause the Corbett hate to rise up in all its strength.

Few people know it, but it is part of Corbett's creed not to fight a man until he has made of him a personal enemy. Corbett says when he goes into the ring he wants to be "dead sore" on the man against him. Dozens of fights have been lost by men who have allowed their sympathies to interfere at the critical time. No one has yet accused Corbett of being sympathetic, or of showing mercy to an opponent when money was at stake. Poor old Sullivan and Charlie Mitchell could feelingly testify to this.

But the calm and deliberate Fitzsimmons is not looking for sympathy at any stage of the game. "All I want," says he, "is an even run for my money, and if I can't thump his pompadour head off I'll take my medicine all right."

THE TERRIBLE RIGHT.

Each man counts on putting the other man out by a right hand swing on the point of the jaw. As such a blow will be worth a great fortune to the man who lands it, it is a matter of interest to inspect these right hands. If anything, Fitzsimmon's right is a better one than Corbett's. In the first place it is larger, the circumference being nine and one-half inches, measured around the palm inside the thumb, while Corbett's measures but eight inches.

Fitzsimmons is as careful about his hands as a society belle, but in an entirely different way. While she endeavors to keep them soft and small Fitz works to make his hard and large. The fact that he labored many years in a blacksmith shop in Australia accounts for the great strength and hardness of his hands. The individual fingers on Fitz's hands are thicker and stronger looking than Corbett's and all the tiny muscles and cords seem better developed.

THE NEED OF STRONG HANDS.

Corbett never had the advantage of a muscle-making trade to follow. The strength of his hands has been largely cultivated. He exercises daily on a wrist machine, which also strengthens the hand. Close attention is paid to this work. The need of hands which can stand a terrific strain without weakening any of the numerous small bones is a fundamental requirement of the fighter. In a long-drawn out battle the best man has more than once been deprived of victory by weak hands, particularly when pitted against a "glutton for punishment." The incessant smashing of the hand against the face and body of a well-trained fighter forces the lower knuckles into the back of the hand and breaks many of the small bones. Such an accident takes the heart out of the best fighter, and no matter how great his courage he cannot put the same steam into a blow when he knows that when his hand lands it is going to cause him the most acute agony.

The new fighter also takes particular pains with his feet. The man who has developed all the small muscles of the toes has an advantage over the man whose toes have never been cultivated. The man with the muscular toes and bunches of muscles sticking out on the side of the foot has more agility, can spring back and forth with the speed of a tiger and moreover can use his toes to extend his reach, a most important factor. Skipping the rope is one way of developing strength in the feet but Corbett's handball is better.

Fitzsimmons in an amusing article on what the fighter of the future would be, recently expressed the belief that all the toes might eventually become a solid mass of muscle and bone and he also thought that by cultivation the numerous small bones of the back of the hand might be welded into one large bone which could successfully withstand the most severe strain. The legs of the future fighter he says will be as thin as those of a thorough-bred horse, the forehead will be large and bulging, the jaw will be like iron, the arms will reach to the knees and all the weight will be above the waist.

THE HITTING MUSCLES.

The hitting muscles are those on the side of the back close to the arm-pits and those running from the neck to the top of the shoulder. Corbett's back muscles are longer and cleaner than Fitzsimmons's, but the latter is better off in the top shoulder muscles. The average strong man would look with disdain upon the muscular development of either Corbett or Fitzsimmons. He would find no great bunches of muscles on any part of their respective anatomy. Both of these men avoid tightening their muscles, or accumulating too much of them, in the fear of interfering with their speed. If either one were hampered by great bunches of muscles he would fall an easy victim to the other. A body with every muscle and cord, down to the smallest and most minute, evenly developed, is what are the most serviceable kind. If they are made too hard the man becomes muscle-bound and in first-class company he is sure to be whipped.

The neck is the most vulnerable part of the prize fighter and both Fitz and Corbett are devoting considerable attention to building up the muscles on the side to protect the delicate cords and bones from assault. An examination of all clever prize fighters will show that the neck from the ear to the shoulder is almost in straight line while the neck of the average man curves inward at the point. It is the constant development which gives the straight line. Both Fitz and Corbett would consider it a great acquisition in their necks bulged outward between the ear and shoulder. Then they would be almost invulnerable at this point.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—5 casks spirits turpentine, 85 bbls rosin, 52 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine, 2 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—45 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin, 60 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—19 casks spirits turpentine, 111 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—24 casks spirits turpentine, 121 bbls rosin, 123 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—82 casks spirits turpentine, 50 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar, 88 bbls crude turpentine.

Schr. Spray—14 casks spirits turpentine, 67 bbls rosin.

Flat—58 casks spirits turpentine, 600 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 196 casks; rosin, 1121 bbls; tar, 553 bbls; crude turpentine, 106 bbls; cotton, 2 bales.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

$100 IN GOLD.

Base Ball

At Hilton Park Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. aug 27 3t

Removal.

THE OFFICE OF W. M. CUMMING, NOTARY P. Public and Real Estate Agent, and of the Mechanics' Home Association, is being removed half square east from old stand to No. 126 Princess street, to office formerly occupied by Mr. T. W. Wood, the Sewing Machine Agent—next door to Mr. Plummer's Candy and Fruit Store. aug 27 tf

Sugar for Silver.

30 bbls. Fine Granulated.
20 bbls. Standard Granulated.
15 bbls. White Extra C.
25 bbls. Golden Extra C.
15 bbls. Brown Sugar.
50 100 lb. bags Sugar.
All orders appreciated by
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
aug 27 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C

Residents on the Sound and Beach

Will find it to their interest to telephone

James D. Nutt,

The Druggist, No. 150, when in need of anything in his line.

Message and carriage free. Registered Pharmacist in attendance at all times. aug 27 tf.

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,

of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICY-HOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICY-HOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN,
Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS,
Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM,
Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH,
Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE,
President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE,
Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY,
Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER,
Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON,
Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,

Resident Agents.

je 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WORTH

Reading!

DO YOU

Imagine a good thing when you see it?

Of course you do! And we are not going to dispute the assertion.

Important Bulletin!

Did You

consider that $40,000 in Dry Goods are being sacrificed by KATZ & POLVOGT on account of removal sale?

LIMITED!

Don't You

postpone buying, but call at once at 116 Market Street and see the great reductions made.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 116 Market St.

aug 12 tf

Trunks and Valises

Big Stock just received. Prices lower than ever.

Zinc Covered Trunks 75c and upward.

Patent Wall Trunks $4.65.

Travelling Bags 40c and upwards.

Telescopes 75c and upward.

Large Leather Valises $1.98.

Remember big Bargains in

CLOTHING

and lots of other goods at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'s,

Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases over $2.

Phone 118. aug 25 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 27, 1895

WILL MORE BONDS BE NEEDED?

This is a question which, it is said, is now engaging more or less the attention of some of the Treasury people at Washington. They are not afraid, we are told, that there will be withdrawals of gold enough to put the reserve much below the $100,000,000 mark, and they expect that when the shipments of grain, cotton, &c., begin that gold enough will come this way to prevent any further drains upon the Treasury and put it at its ease. But they do not expect this condition of affairs to last long and the opinion is pretty freely expressed by some who keep an eye on the money movement that there will be another bond issue in the latter part of this year or early in the next.

As we see it the ability to maintain the gold reserve without the co-operation of some syndicate depends mainly on the demand for gold. If the demand be such as to make a margin for profit to the speculator who ships gold there will be runs on the Treasury, but if there be no such demand there will be little inducement to the raiders and the reserve may be kept up without much trouble.

But there is something else which may cause raiding. They are talking now about a "redundant currency," by which they mean the $346,000,000 of greenbacks of which they want to get rid, and thus not only get rid of the "pump," as Mr. Benedict styles the greenback, but at the same time contract the currency to that extent. The gentlemen who are moving in this direction now, following the example of Secretary Morton, may wish to give another "object lesson" on the pumping capacity of the greenback, and start a raid on the Treasury, knock a big hole in the reserve, force another issue of bonds, and exclaim "behold what the old greenback is doing," and then raise the cry all along the line for the instantaneous, or thereabouts, retiring of the greenbacks.

As part of the programme to effect this it is suggested that Congress may be asked, as the last Congress was asked, to give the Secretary of the Treasury authority to issue temporary certificates or evidences of indebtedness which he could pay out instead of the redeemed greenbacks, and thus enable him to lock up all the greenbacks that come in for redemption. But this, it seems to us, would necessitate the issuing of a good many of these certificates to lock up enough of the greenbacks to deprive them of their "pumping" capacity, in addition to which the law requiring the reissuing of the greenbacks when redeemed would have to be repealed, and there isn't the most distant probability that the next Congress will do this. If the House did, the Senate wouldn't, for there is a majority of silver men in the Senate, and they are not going to agree to any financial legislation that does not recognize silver. And we do not believe that, under present conditions, the House would either, for it is a Republican House, and although it might, if we had a Republican President in the White House, favor legislation the intent of which was to help the Treasury, it will play politics now, and take mighty good care not to help the Treasury out of its embarrassments while Mr. Cleveland's term lasts. When it comes to politics the average Republican statesman is as cold-blooded as a terrapin, and as unscrupulous as a pirate, and in their estimation it is good politics to keep this administration embarrassed and hard run to raise money to meet its obligations without issuing bonds. They already comment with gleeful satisfaction on the three issues that have been made, and doubtless a fourth and fifth would fill them with delight, although they wouldn't give expression to their delight in public.

Viewing it as we do, with a Republican House and a silver Senate we do not see any prospects for any material change in our currency system, nor for any legislation that will assist the Treasury to keep up the gold reserve without issuing more bonds, which those entrusted with maintaining the credit of the Treasury will issue as soon as they think it advisable. They have gone into the bond business to stick to gold, and they will have to stick to the bonds to get gold, as there is no other way in sight to get it.

The Treasury would be relieved of its embarrassments without any legislative action, or new currency schemes, or issuing certificates of indebtedness, or without going again upon the market to borrow gold, if the Secretary would plant himself on the law and pay in the kind of money he is authorized by law to pay—that is, in "coin." He does the people of the United States an injustice when he lets the creditor exercise the option which the law vests in himself, and he is thus contributing to make the Treasury the victim of the gold speculators for whose benefit, and for whose benefit only, that gold reserve, the invention of John Sherman, is kept up, the keeping up of which keeps the Treasury on the ragged edge and costs the people millions of dollars, out of which they are needlessly plundered. Let the administrators of the law get within the law; let them deal with silver as it is entitled to be dealt with under the law, and that will solve the gold reserve question and put an end to the embarrassments of the Treasury.

MINOR MENTION.

The reports of the U. S. Department of Agriculture show the somewhat remarkable fact that instead of increasing our exports of dairy products to Europe they have declined within the past twenty years, at a rate which if kept up for a few years longer would wipe out the business altogether. In 1881 we shipped abroad $22,636,272 worth of dairy products against $6,413,072 worth the past year, and this in the face of the fact that rapid transportation by land and by sea has been immensely improved within this time, with the addition of refrigerator cars, refrigerator ships, &c. Possibly some of these dairy products have been outmarketed by olemargarine and other compounds, which have been put upon the market as butter and given American butter a black eye; we don't know about that, but the fact remains that we are losing this trade, which is being taken away from us by Denmark and other European countries, and even by far away Australia and New Zealand. England imported in 1894 $65,553,794 worth of butter, of which little Denmark furnished $28,439,602 against $681,052 worth from this country. France supplied $11,445,224 worth; Sweden $6,880,155; Holland $4,048,690, and Germany $3,420,955 worth. She imported $26,705,815 worth of cheese, of which only $7,827,302 went from this country while Canada exported $13,185,754 worth. These European competitors may be able to put their dairy products in the English markets for less money than we can, but there is no reason why they should, considering the fact that our pasturage is much cheaper than theirs, but the probabilities are that they handle and prepare them for market more carefully and make more effort to build up the trade.

* * *

A London cable dispatch announces that in reply to a question in the House of Commons as to whether he would advise the calling of an international monetary conference, Mr. Balfour replied that although he was in favor of international agreement he had no right to speak for his colleagues and that he had his doubts whether such a conference would be successful. Mr. Balfour is a strong bimetallist, but has litte hope of seeing his views adopted for some time to come. As England has been the chief obstacle to the holding of an international conference there is nothing left for other nations to do but to await England's pleasure or to proceed independently and let England pursue her own policy. One thing is certain and that is that while by holding aloof the money-lenders of England can continue to control the financial systems of Europe and of this country, she will never go into an international conference, but as soon as she discovers that other nations act independently, and that her trade is suffering in consequence, she will tumble in with a celerity equalled only by the obstinacy with which she now keeps out. But here the question arises, when is this country to have true bimetallism, which the "sound money" men profess to be anxious for, if we are to wait for "international agreement" and international agreement must wait for the assent and co-operation of the gold monometallists of England? They may as well quit talking that kind of nonsense, and trying to fool us with that (to use their own language) "delusion and snare."

* * *

The day of the old cotton bale seems to be numbered, the cylindrical bale coming to the front and taking its place. There are now three processes of baling in this way, two of which roll the cotton as it is ginned in a sheet like batting on a core, subjecting it to a pressure that makes it almost as solid as wood, the result being that 500 pounds of lint can be put in a bale about half the size of the old style bale. The other process winds the lint on a core as it comes from the gin without putting it in the shape of batting. Practically there is but little difference between the three methods, so little that there is likely to be a contest over them in the courts, the inventor of the first, which has been in use a couple years in Texas, claiming that the others are an infringement upon his method. This is the only one of the three which has as yet been put into practical use, but it has been so well demonstrated that the bales put up in this way have so many advantages over the old bale that it is only a question of time when the cylindrical bale will take the field. It is claimed that by this method there will be a saving of $4 a bale in preparing for market, with little or no dirt, little or no wear and tear, and practical immunity from fire, as the bales are so compactly pressed as to be proof against fire, as much so as a block of hard wood.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Gov. McKinley will have to look after his fences. The lynching of a negro murderer who was a probable lunatic was bad enough, but the prefatory torture was still more horrible. If such things may happen in Ohio and go uncorrected, we shall no longer be able to lift deprecating hands and show the whites of our eyes when we look southward.—*Phil Record, Dem.*

—— Some scattered Republicans may talk free silver, but when the time comes they will be found voting against Democratic candidates with all the delight of gratified hostility. Democrats will win or lose by what they do for themselves. If they cannot organize a straight Democratic party behind a platform they cannot play winning politics.—*St. Louis Republic, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Newton *Enterprise*: Mr. Meyer, superintendent of the knitting mill at Valdese, has sold an interest in the mill to several gentlemen in Newton, and the mill will be moved to this place.

— Burlington *News*: Mr. John B. Guthrie, aged 74 years, died at his home near Spring Church, in the southern part of this county, August 11th. He died on his birthday—a remarkable occurrence.

— Newbern *Journal*: A company is being organized in Swansboro for the purpose of building a $5,000 hotel. A suitable location has been secured and some stock taken. The stock will be divided into one hundred shares, at $50 per share.

— Raleigh *Press*: A cord factory in Salisbury has been completed. There are fifteen machines for making sack cord and twenty-six for making clothes lines, every one brand new and in first-class working order. Some of them have been tried and a considerable quantity of cord made.

— Durham *Sun*: Dr. W. J. H. Durham, one of our most prominent and highly esteemed citizens, this (Saturday) morning, after an illness of a few hours. He was subject to some heart trouble, but it was not considered anything serious, and yesterday afternoon he had a severe attack of the neuralgia of the heart and suffered greatly until death relieved him.

— Morganton *Herald*: Mr. J. H. Bryan is shipping considerable quantities of walnut timber in the log from Morganton to Liverpool. Dozens of teams can be seen daily coming into town with these logs. Our County Commissioners are largely responsible for our lumber trade being confined to the high priced woods, as the miserable condition of most of our country roads makes long hauls expensive.

TWINKLINGS

—Manager—Have you a phenomenal range?

Prima Donna—I am the only singer who will appear before any kind of seats, from 75 cents to $5.—*Puck.*

— "Dere am one blessin' about bein' black," said Rastus, as he stowed two chickens away in his bag the other night; "you ain't ap ter be so visible in de dark."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Lea—Great heavens! old man, I have suffered three days and nights of sleepless agony from this raging toothache!

Perrins—Why don't you get it pulled!

Lea—I would, but I'm afraid it would hurt!—*Puck.*

— Traveller (to native)—Can you tell me how far I am from Creamtown?

Native—About 24,900 miles.

Traveller—Impossible!

Native—I mean if you keep on the way you are going. If you turn round and go back it's only a mile.—*Tit Bits.*

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

Mrs. Laura C. Phoenix, Milwaukee, Wis.

"Matron of a Benevolent Home and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, overcomes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, *The inmates had the "LaGrippe,"* and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month ***I became so debilitated and nervous*** from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try ***Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.*** I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continue ***its occasional use, as a nerve food,*** as my work is very trying. A letter addressed to Milwaukee, Wis., will reach me." June 6, 1894. MRS. LAURA C. PHOENIX.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1.6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' ***Pain Pills*** are guaranteed to ***stop Headache*** in 20 minutes. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists.

June 15 1y su tu th change.

WHERE HUXLEY FAILED.

The Great Scientist, as a Manipulator of Shears, Shamed by a Porter.

Rather a good story is told about Professor Huxley when he was delivering a lecture to the Literary and Philosophical society, Newcastle-on-Tyne, about 20 years ago. The subject was "The Geographical Distribution of Fossil Remains of Animals;" consequently numerous diagrams were required. Old Alexander, the porter of the institution and quite a distinguished character among the members of the society, was assisting the professor to hang the diagrams. The screen on which the diagrams were hung was not very large, and Huxley, do as he would, could not prevent the blank corner of one diagram overlapping the illustration of another one on which the professor placed great importance.

What was to be done? The professor asked Alexander to bring a pair of scissors. Lord Armstrong (then Sir William), Dr. Watson and several others were present at the time. The scissors were brought, but as the joint was somewhat loose the professor was not able to cut the paper and threw the scissors down in disgust, adding that they were useless.

"Vera guid shears, professor," said Alexander.

"I tell you they won't cut," said Huxley.

"Try again," said Alexander. "They will cut."

The professor tried again, and not succeeding said somewhat angrily, "Bring me another pair of scissors."

Sir William Armstrong then stepped forward and ordered Alexander to go and buy a new pair.

"Vera guid shears, Sir William," persisted Alexander, and picking up the scissors from the table and placing his thumb and forefinger into the handles he stepped forward and asked Huxley how he wanted the paper cut.

"I tell you they won't cut," said the professor.

"Bring me a new pair instantly," said Sir William.

"A tell'ee ther-r vera guid shears, only the professor canna cut wi' them," replied Alexander.

"Well, then, cut it there," said Huxley somewhat tartly, at the same time indicating the place with his forefinger. Alexander took hold of the paper, and inserting the scissors pressed the blades together and cut off the required portion as neatly as if he had used a straightedge; then, turning to the professor, with a rather significant leer and twinkle of the eye, said, "Seeance an airt dinna gang thegither, professor."

The professor and all present collapsed. Huxley put his hand into his pocket, and taking out a sovereign gave it to Alexander, adding at the same time, "You have done me." The same evening Alexander related the story with great gusto over a glass of whisky to a friend. When asked how he dared to make so free with such a distinguished man, he replied with great emphasis, "Lord, mon, they bits o' professor bodies ken naething at a' except their buiks."—Westminster Gazette.

SHOULDER STRAPS STOPPED HIM.

A Story of Lieutenant Guy Preston's Heroism at Standing Rock.

"Do you know Lieutenant Guy Preston?" asked an army officer stopping at the Windsor. "No? Well, he's a good fellow. You want to cultivate him if he ever strays this far away from his station at Fort Robinson.

"I know a fairly good story about him, if you care to have it.

"He was one of the younger class of second lieutenants that came into the northwest just before the Indian troubles which culminated in the fight at Wounded Knee. Preston had been assigned to duty in the Ninth cavalry, the 'black regiment,' you know, and those negro soldiers had a pretty strong doubt about his heroic qualities.

"But he gathered his men, according to orders, when the hostiles were rounded up there at Standing Rock and held one side of the square which inclosed the warlike and dangerous band of savages. The Indians had come out of their tents with their blankets around them, and their leaders declared that they were unarmed, and that they wanted to 'talk.' The negro cavalrymen, dismounted and 'resting at will,' were inclined to wander about rather more than was agreeable to Preston's tidy West Point ideas, and he hauled them back in line. They looked at his jaunty uniform and almost wished they might see him in real trouble, just for the pleasure of testing him.

"Well, the Indians got to the middle of the horseshoelike inclosure of troops, and then at a given signal by their chiefs they threw off their blankets, and each one was seen armed with a rifle, hatchet and scalping knife. They fired point blank at close range and with deadly effect at the soldiers. Of course you know the story of the battle. That is a tale that is told.

"The attack was so sudden and so unexpected that the soldiers were thrown into confusion, and they turned and ran to cover. It was the worst possible thing, but the first thing that suggested itself to the imperiled men.

"Only Lieutenant Guy Preston, the youthful West Pointer, looking around at that savage band of murderers, caught sight of the gold bars on his shoulder straps—the insignia of a rank in the army of the nation. And the thought came, 'I can't run away carrying that.' And he halted, turned, called back his men and formed the first line which repulsed the Indians and finally conquered them.

"Maybe it isn't as much of a story as it seemed at the beginning, and yet I have always thought it was well illustrative of the view an army officer must take of his position. He cannot carry the proofs of that position, the evidences of a trust reposed in him by his country—he cannot carry that insignia to dishonor."—New York Herald.

Another Innovation.

Mr. Arthurby—Just think! You'll be Mrs. Arthurby after our wedding day.

Miss Jameson (one of the new women)—Not at all. You will be Mr. Jameson when we're married.—Chicago Record.

CARE FOR THE HOME.

Somebody Must Do It—Is It to Be Lordly Man's Mission?

What are we to do with our girls? Time was in other days when things were not as they are now that this query was the basis of much discussion and dismal forebodings, for girls were quite as numerous then as now, while the avenues either for matrimony or an independent livelihood were fewer, as well as narrower, than they now are. The girls cut a far wider swath in the life of the nation in these days, but the question of what to do with them remains just as unsettled and just as serious. They are side by side in competition with man in the race for employment and profitable wages, and with labor saving machinery also cutting down his opportunity for work the wage earner who assumes the responsibilities of family finds his income menaced from two sources, neither of which he can successfully oppose. We have not yet begun to realize in this country how great a revolution in wages these two factors must ultimately bring about, nor the impossibility of man's ever regaining a single inch of the ground he is steadily losing to both of them. I can recall the time, for instance, not ten years ago, when I could enumerate on the fingers of one hand the number of young women engaged in regular work for the New York city dailies. Today their number is bewildering. No newspaper is without its special woman writers. I give this illustration because I am familiar with the facts from personal knowledge, yet I presume it is as true of other lines of work as it is of newspaper making. Miss or Mrs. is no longer a surprising prefix to the name on a doctor's sign in any of our large cities.

It is in other grades of work, however, in which women, and especially young girls, are fast crowding. Indeed the time seems to be rapidly approaching when in the household of the masses the question of what line of employment to choose for girls is to be quite as pertinent and serious as the selection of one for the boys. If accurate figures could be obtained of the increase during the last ten years in the number of girls who leave their homes daily to engage in work, the aggregate would, I believe, startle even those who profess to have some knowledge on the subject. Desire in many instances, necessity in many more, are responsible for their presence in the ranks of labor, but whether it be desire or necessity the fact remains that young women are an increasing feature of the workaday life of the country, and it seems to me to be a condition calculated to have a marked influence on our national future. Whether a young girl has touched elbows with the world who has encountered the material rather than the romantic side of life—who, in fact, comes to know at 20 what her grandmother learned at 40—whether she can ever feel entirely at ease in the home circle with the companionship of her own is the most serious phase of the many sided problem involved in all this talk of the woman of today.

Now, the point to seriously consider is that somebody must care for the home, somebody must give it an attractiveness and an atmosphere which, midst pleasures and palaces though we may roam, be it ever so humble there's no place like home!

Somebody, I repeat, must do this. Is it to be man?—Peterson's Magazino.

No Danger In Impure Air.

A paper read at a session of the National Academy of Sciences in Washington by Dr. John S. Billings on the composition of exhaled air created much interest and provoked considerable discussion. Dr. Billings reached the conclusion that in the exhaled breath no conditions of disease exist and no poisonous bacteria are contained. The paper maintained that the breath even of a consumptive is not dangerous. It is only when the subject coughs or sneezes that the exhalation bears the germs of disease. It is never in the air itself that such disease spreads, but in the dust from sputa. The whole theory of the paper was subversive of accepted ideas of ventilation. Dr. Billings even went so far as to say that aside from the matter of inhaling poisonous organic matter breathing the pure air of the mountains secures no special immunity from disease over breathing the air of the slums. Neither produces disease.

Professor Remsen of Johns Hopkins said this paper would upset all accepted notions on the subject. Professor Bowditch of Harvard said he agreed with the general line of results brought out by Dr. Billings and thought the skin was a great source of disease conditions.

Racial Repartee.

Grogan—Yis, Oi am Oirish, and Oi am proud av it. Do yez know why, Dutchy?

Schmitzheimer—Tseertainly. You vas proudt off being Irisch pecause you vas Irisch.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the bes remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve a poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

When a recipe calls for a cupful of lard or butter, use two-thirds of a cupful of Cottolene—the new vegetable shortening—instead. It improves your health, saves your money—a lesson in economy, too. Genuine

Cottolene

is sold everywhere in tins, with trade marks—"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS and CHICAGO.

nov 6 tf tu th sa change

A Substitute For Gold.

A French technical paper, The Journal de l'Horlogerie, declares that a new amalgam has been discovered which is a wonderful substitute for gold. It consists of 94 parts of copper to six parts of antimony. The copper is melted and the antimony is then added. Once the two metals are sufficiently fused together a little magnesium and carbonate of lime are added to increase the density of the material. The product can be drawn, wrought and soldered just like gold, which it almost exactly resembles on being polished. Even when exposed to the action of ammoniacal salts of nitrous vapors it preserves its color. The cost of making it is about a shilling a pound avoirdupois.

All the Difference In the World.

Rural Magistrate—Konrad, you are charged with committing an assault on the night watchman.

Konrad—I only threw his jacket behind the stove.

Night Watchman—Yes, your worship, but I was inside the jacket, and that makes all the difference.—Dorfbarbier.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	5½
Standard	7½	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₱ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₱ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders ₱ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₱ lb	7	@	7¼
Shoulders ₱ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₱ lb		@	25
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₱ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₱ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL— ₱			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	53
Virginia Meal	60	@	65
COTTON TIES— ₱ bundle		@	75
CANDLES— ₱ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₱ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
Skim		@	10
COFFEE— ₱ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	26	@	28
Rio	15	@	21
DOMESTIC—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₱ yard	7		6¼
Yarns, ₱ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₱ dozen		@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₱ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₱ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₱ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₱ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₱ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₱ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₱ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₱ barrel—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight	4 25	@	4 40
Patent	5 00	@	5 25
First Patent			
GLUE— ₱ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₱ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	85
HIDES, ₱ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	5½
HAY, ₱ 100 lb—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	1 10
North River		@	1 00
HOOP IRON, ₱ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₱ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	9
North Carolina	6½	@	9
LIME, ₱ barrel			1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₱ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₱ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" in bbls		@	25
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	37½
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	15	@	25
NAILS, ₱ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ₱ barrel—			
City Mess	4 50	@	15 50
Rump		@	14 00
Prime		@	13 00
ROPE, ₱ lb	10	@	12
SALT		@	75
Sack Alum		@	65
Liverpool		@	
Lisbon		@	
Cadiz		@	65
Arcadia		@	65
on 125 ₱ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₱ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Sap	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₱ lb—Standard Grain'd	4½	@	5
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₱ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₱ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₱ M feet—Shipping	70	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₱ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, 4 gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₱ lb—Washed	18	@	
Clear of burr	15½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 35 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Distillers quote Hard $1 10, Yellow Dip $1 60, and Virgin $1 80.

COTTON.—No quotations.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	2 bales
Spirits Turpentine	196 casks
Rosin	1,121 bbls
Tar	253 bbls
Crude Turpentine	106 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 26.—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1 per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 3@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers' bills at 488½@488¾ for sixty days and 489¼@489½ for demand. Commercial bills 487¼@488. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112½; United States twos 96¼. State bonds steady; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 125. Railroad bonds active and strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was dull.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 26—Evening Cotton steady; middling gulf 8 1-16c; middling 7 13-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady, with sales 175,200 bales; August 7 60, September 7 60, October 7 67, November 7 78, December 7 79, January 7 85, February 7 90, March 7 96.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 721 bales; exports to Great Britain 963 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 243 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 900 bales; stock (actual) 162,727 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 755 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 936 bales; stock 281,916 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 1,728 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,149 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 1,189 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,918,291 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,443,037 bales; exports to France 775,370 bales; exports to the Continent 3,425,644 bales.

NEW YORK, Aug 25—Evening.—Flour was neglected and weak and offered at lower prices; winter wheat, low grades $3 15@2 80; fair to fancy $3 90@3 30; patents $3 50@3 80; Minnesota clear $3 65@3 25; patents $3 30@4 20; low extra $3 15@2 80; city mills $3 90@4 15; do patents ——. Southern flour was dull and weak; common to fair extra $2 00@3 80; good to choice $3 90@5 00. Wheat dull; lower with options, closing firm; No 2 red in store and at elevator 66@66¼c; afloat 67⅛@67¾c; options were fairly active and 1⅜@1¾c lower early, rallying ⅜@¾c, and closing steady at ⅞@1¼c below Saturday; No. 2 red August 63½; September 65⅜; December 68⅜; May 72¼c. Corn dull and easier with options, held firmly on light supply; No. 2 at elevator 43½; afloat 44½c; options were moderately active and ⅜@⅝c lower: September 41¼c; October 41c; May 37c. Oats dull easier; options weaker and dull; August 24¼c; September 24c; October 23¾c; May 26⅝; spot prices—No. 2 24¼@24¾c; No. 3 white 27¼c; mixed Western 25@27c. Hay in moderate demand and steady; shipping 65@70c; good to choice 80@90. Wool quiet and steady; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34c. Beef steady and dull, family $9 00@12 00, extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet and easy at $15 50@16 00; tierced beef firm, quiet; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats were quiet and firm; pickled bellies 7c; shoulders 5¾@5½c; hams 9@9¾. Lard quiet and weak; Western steam $5 27½; city $6 00@6 10; September $6 22 asked; refined dull; Continent $6 75; South America $7 00; compound $4 87½@5 12½. Pork quiet and weak; mess $11 00@11 50. Butter steady; moderate demand; State dairy 13@18¾c; creamery 19¾@20c; Western dairy 9¼@13c; Elgins 20c. Eggs—choice steady; State and Pennsylvania 15@16c; Western fresh 13¾@15; do per case $1 50@4 00. Tallow quiet, easy; city 4½c asked; country 4¼@4¾c. Cotton seed oil dull and weak; crude 24; yellow prime 26¾c; do off grade 26@26¼. Petroleum fairly active; refined New York $7 10; Philadelphia $7 05; do in bulk $4 55@4 60. Rice was quiet and steady; domestic, fair to extra 3¾@6c; Japan 3¾@4c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice was 26@32c, firm and in moderate demand. Peanuts quiet. Coffee quiet and 5 to 10 points up; August $14 80; September $14 80@14 85; November and December $14 80; May $14 60@14 65; spot Rio dull, steady; No. 7 $16 00. Sugar—raw dull and easy; fair refining 2 15-16c; refined quiet and lower; off A 3 13-16@4c; standard A 4 3-16@4¾c; cut-loaf 4 13 16@5c; crushed 4 13-16@5c; granulated 4 3-16@4¼c. Freights to Liverpool—grain firmer and more doing; cotton per steamer 1-16d; grain per steamer 2½d asked.

CHICAGO, August 26—Caan quotations: Flour was quiet and practically unchanged; feeling easy; prices in buyers' favor. Wheat—No. 2 spring 60¾@61¼c; No. 2 red 61¼@61¾c, nominal. Corn—No. 2 87c. Oats—No. 2 19¾. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $9 37½@9 50. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 90@5 92½.

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children."
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A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

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THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

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The **Pioneer** needs it—can't get along without it.
The **Farmer** needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The **Steamboat man or the Boatman** needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The **Horse-fancier** needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The **Stock-grower** needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The **Railroad man** needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The **Backwoodsman** needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The **Merchant** needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

ARDENT DISCIPLES OF WOMAN'S RIGHTS IN FRANCE.

National Council of Women—Era of the Filthy Glove—Eternal Fitness of Things. Camilla Collet—A Plucky Woman—Florence Nightingale Seventy-five.

Frenchwomen of the present day are no longer satisfied with merely being allowed into the precincts of the house of deputies. They demand rights of a graver nature, and the deputies of the last decade of the nineteenth century are now considering their demands.

Such women as Mmes. Potonie-Pierre, Maria Martin, Marie Pegnon-Coutant demand rights that shall place them on a level footing with men, and they have

MME. POTONIE-PIERRE.

succeeded so far in enlisting in their cause many prominent deputies who have formed the parliamentary group of "woman's rights."

To tell the truth, there are not many women in France today who take very great interest in the question of woman's rights. But if there is not quantity there is quality.

At the present day the most ardent disciples are Mme. Potonie-Pierre and Mme. Maria Martin. Those two ladies, with Mme. Bogelot, who attended the women's congress at the World's Columbian exposition, walk in the footsteps of Maria Deraimes, to whom they were ever most devoted.

They are the correspondents of many of the organizations of women, both in the United States and in England. Mme. Potonie-Pierre is secretary of the leading French organization of women, La Solidarite des Femmes, and also of the French branch of the Universal and International Union of the Women of England.

Mme. Maria Martin is now the editor of the only newspaper published in the interests of women in France, Le Journal des Femmes, after having attained the unique position of being editor of a political journal strongly devoted to the interests of her own sex.

During the last three months of the year 1894 women took a great stride in advance. After repeated demands made by the women to the deputies a meeting was finally organized and a parliamentary group formed. The majority of the socialist members at once joined the group, and many, without a moment's hesitation, expressed themselves willing to indorse the most radical demands of the programme presented by the women.

The women demand a favorable vote in the chamber of deputies on the proposition of a law giving all women of age and not deprived of their civil rights the right to act as a witness on all certificates and civil documents. They also claim the nomination of a committee of 44 members to reconsider and reform the entire civil code, and especially to modify article 8, which says that every Frenchman shall be possessed of civil rights, making it read, "Every person, without distinction of sex, shall be possessed of civil rights."

National Council of Women.

The National Council of Women is one of the grandest and largest organizations of women that the world has ever known. Its very being and the possibility of its creation marks an era in the world's history. At its last convention in Washington a few months since there were gathered the most eminent women of the land, together with delegates from every civilized country.

The council has a paid membership of 700,000 members, and there are probabilities of it becoming more potent than even the political conventions of men in its direction of affairs which touch upon the family and the state.

This immense organization is described at length in Peterson's Magazine by Margherita Arlina Hamm, who is editor of its woman's department. She tells of the method of organization of the rules and governing forces, the personalities which have made all centralize and harmonize for one prevailing object.

Some of the famous women spoken of are Mary Lowe Dickinson, May Wright Sewall, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony, Lillie Devereux Blake, Carrie Lane Chapman Catt, Harriet Keyser, Mary C. Francis, Ellen Battelle Dietrick, Ida M. Rew, Mme. Eva Alberti, Cynthia M. Westover, Emma Cranmer, Lady Henry Somerset, Elizabeth Grannis, Marianna Chapman, Sarah Cooper, Frances Willard, Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, Rev. Carrie Bartlett, Mrs. Holbrook, LL. B., Cornelia K. Hood, LL. B., Rev. Ida C. Hultin, Dr. Julia Holmes Smith, Dr. Marie Strickland, Dr. Mary Green and Alice Stone Blackwell.

The best types of the members are arranged in classes according to their professions, philanthropies or work. The article is a memorial to woman's energy and growing importance.

Era of the Filthy Glove.

This season might be not inaptly described as the era of the filthy glove. At matinees, receptions, church, in the street cars and stages swarms of well dressed women display hand covering so dirty as to be as disgusting to a person of refined taste as soiled fingers.

Among a hundred fashionably dressed women picked out at random at any daytime function there will not be more than five pairs of spotless white gloves. Women could not be induced to wear dirty white lace bonnets, nor carry soiled handkerchiefs or dirty visiting cards, or wear dirt begrimed collars or cuffs. Are dirty light gloves a whit daintier or more presentable than any of the objects named?

Fashion having decreed white gloves to be en rigueur, the lady from the suburban districts must also don them when she comes into town for the day's shopping. And she is to be seen on the avenue in full chase after bargains, her appropriate cloth costume disfigured by the dirty white gloves which loudly proclaim her lack of refined taste or even of commonplace cleanliness. But then she and the town lady belong to the sex that in the preceding generation, according to the chronicles, engaged in amateur street sweeping, substituting "trains" for brooms, and that carried a miscellaneous assortment of rarely if ever cleaned "rats" on the head. The dirty gloves are, it must be confessed, an improvement on either of the foregoing, and in the process of time these offenders against good taste may come to acknowledge that daintiness ought to stand first in a woman's calendar of social graces. —Vogue.

POE KNEW ARGON.

The Poet Wrote of the Third Constituent of the Atmosphere.

Will Lord Rayleigh and Professor Ramsay have to share the honor of "spotting" the third constituent of the atmosphere with Edgar Allan Poe? It certainly looks like it, if we consider the evidence adduced by a correspondent of a French journal, who has been dipping into the "Tales of Mystery and Imagination." The passage upon which this gentleman rests Poe's claims is contained in "The Unparalleled Adventure of One Hans Pfaall." It is worth while quoting it in full:

"I then took opportunities of conveying by night to a retired situation east of Rotterdam five iron bound casks, to contain about 50 gallons each, and one of a larger size; six tin tubes 3 inches in diameter, properly shaped and 10 feet in length; a quantity of a particular metallic substance, or semimetal, which I shall not name, and a dozen demijohns of a very common acid. The gas to be formed from these latter materials is a gas never yet generated by any other person than myself—or at least applied to any similar purpose. I can only venture to say here that it is a constituent of azote (nitrogen), so long considered irreducible, and that its density is about 37.4 times less than of hydrogen. It is tasteless, but not odorless; burns, when pure, with a greenish flame and is instantaneously fatal to animal life. Its full secret I would make no difficulty in disclosing, but that it of right belongs to a citizen of Nantes, in France, by whom it was conditionally communicated to myself."

It must be confessed that the mysterious gas evolved by the force of Poe's imagination has not a little in common with the argon, whose acquaintance we are now privileged to make some 50 years later. The "particular metallic substance or semimetal," used by Hans Pfaall, has its fellow in clevite, from which we have been led to understand argon has been extracted when treated with an acid, after the manner of the veracious Dutch balloonist. If the new gas is not precisely regarded as "a constituent of nitrogen," it has at least been declared by some to be an allotropic modification of it. No doubt the physical and chemical qualities of Edgar Allan Poe's gas are not exactly those of argon. But what of that? Instead, for example, of being 37 times lighter than hydrogen, argon, we understand, is very much heavier. It must be remembered, however, that Hans Pfaall had to make a journey to the moon. Had his gas been heavier, how could he have dropped a couple of ballast bags on the head of Mynheer Superbus Van Underduk, and have disappeared above the clouds almost before the worthy burgomaster had recovered himself? The romancer, even when he is a man of science, must surely be allowed a little latitude with his chemistry.—Westminster Gazette.

A SPANISH ANECDOTE.

A Moor Whose Son Was Killed Assists the Murderer to Escape.

A Spanish cavalier, in a sudden quarrel, slew a Moorish gentleman and fled. His pursuers soon lost sight of him, for he had unperceived thrown himself over a garden wall. The owner, a Moor, happening to be in his garden, was addressed by the Spaniard, on his knees, who acquainted him with his case and implored concealment. "Eat this," said the Moor, "you know that you may confide in my protection." He then locked him up in his garden apartment, telling him that as soon as it was night he would provide for his escape to a place of safety.

The Moor then went to his house, where he had just seated himself, when a great crowd, with loud lamentations, came to his gate, bringing the corpse of his son, who had just been killed by the Spaniard. When the first shock of surprise was a little over, he learned, from the description given, that the fatal deed was done by the very person then in his power. He mentioned this to no one, but as soon as it was dark, retired to his garden, as if to grieve alone, giving orders that none should follow him. Then, accosting the Spaniard, he said: "Christian, the person you have killed is my son; his body is now in my house. You ought to suffer, but you have eaten with me, and I have given you my faith, which must not be broken." He then led the astonished Spaniard to his stables, and mounted him on one of his fleetest horses, and said:

"Fly far while the night can cover you; you will be safe in the morning. You are indeed guilty of my son's blood, but God is just and good, and I thank him I am innocent of yours, and that my faith given is preserved!" His point of honor is, it is said, most religiously observed by the Arabs and Saracens, from whom it was adopted by the Moors of Africa and by them was brought into Spain.

A STOLEN SECRET.

How Minister Jewell Learned to Make Russia Leather.

Jewell, like all men brought up to learn a trade, and who afterward gained prominence in affairs, made now and then unconscious revelations of his early training. During one of the campaigns in which he was engaged he found himself at a country hotel where the table was bounteous, but the rooms few and small. It was necessary in order that the whole party might be housed for each bed to be occupied by two persons. The governor's roommate was a young politician, who could not hide his surprise when the governor just before retiring rolled the sleeves of his night shirt even as far up as his shoulders, and then bathed his arms in cold water.

"You wonder why I do this," said the governor. "Well, I couldn't sleep unless I did. When I was a youngster learning the tanners' trade, I used to have my arms in the vats all day long, and at night my skin would smart as though I had been stung by nettles. I could not bear to have any cloth touch them. So I got the habit of rolling my shirt sleeves as far as I could, and thus I have slept ever since."

When Jewell was minister to Russia, he played a Yankee trick upon the Russians, the benefits of which we are reaping even to this day in this country. Like every other American tanner, he had long wanted to know the secret of the process of manufacturing Russian leather. He had experimented with a few dollars himself, only to learn that the secret was not to be discovered.

When at the court of St. Petersburg, he professed great interest in Russian industries and was shown through many of the manufactories there. By and by there came an opportunity to go through a factory where Russia leather was manufactured. Jewell was all smiles and courtesies and seemed profoundly interested in those things which really did not interest him and wholly blind to the very things he went to that place to see. But he was not so blind as they thought. When he came out of that factory, he had discovered, as he believed, the process, and he brought the discovery back to this country with him, so that by and by the United States began to turn out a very good article of leather resembling the Russian product.—Philadelphia Press.

The Fisherman and the Bullfrog.

"The bullfrog," said a fisherman, "seems to like to have its back scratched. I reached over one that I came across sitting quietly in the bullrushes and scratched its back gently with the tip of my fishing rod, and when I drew the rod away it put up its clumsy hands as much as to say, 'More.'"—New York Sun.

THE FRENCH ÆSOP.

LA FONTAINE, THE FABULIST, WAS A VERY PECULIAR MAN.

Absentmindedness, Inattention and Indolence the Chief Characteristics of This Man of Remarkable Genius—Some Interesting Anecdotes.

La Fontaine, the inimitable French fabulist, died on April 13, 1695. The bicentenary of this event recalls one of the most piquant personalities in the history of literature.

La Harpe has said that "La Fontaine invented nothing except his style, and the secret of that died with him," but that is saying a good deal. For himself La Fontaine counted it nothing to have produced a set of fables which rival and perhaps eclipse those of Æsop and Phædrus. He wrote merely, as he declared, to divert himself. His diversion assumed many forms. Sometimes it consisted in long spells of profound and unadulterated idleness. At others it took the shape of protracted and concentrated effort upon some object of activity—it might be the fighting of a duel, the composition of a fable or the observation and study of animal habit. Whatever it was that occupied his mind, whether a vacuum or a verse, it engrossed the man's whole being, so that to the outside world he seemed like one living in a series of hypnotic trances. It needed a strong shock to break through the wall of inattention to passing events which nature had built around Jean la Fontaine.

A volume could be filled with illustrative anecdotes—as authentic as such anecdotes can be. His father held the position of commissioner of forests to the French government at Chateau Thierry. The young La Fontaine, dispatched one day to Paris on urgent business, happened to fall in with a friend on his arrival in the capital. They dined together and went to the play. La Fontaine went home next day. "Well," said his father, "have you arranged everything satisfactorily?" The youth opened his eyes with astonishment and had to confess that he had forgotten all about the business till that moment. In time La Fontaine succeeded to his father's government post—almost a sinecure—and continued to "divert himself" by country life. This meant the total neglect of his family and his estate and the omission of what few official duties he had. He versified a little, read much and lounged and dreamed a great deal. He did not care for French writers, preferring Latin, Greek and Italian, because they "diverted him more."

Chancing to see some of his fugitive lines, the Duchess of Bouillon perceived the incipient genius of La Fontaine. She constituted herself his patron, brought him to Paris and introduced him to the court society of Louis XIV. He became fast friends with Moliere, Boileau and Racine, and assumed the regular—or irregular—life of a court poet in the gay and frivolous capital. But through it all he remained the simple, docile, absentminded dreamer, utterly careless and oblivious of the serious side of things. Racine's religious scruples caused him to remonstrate with his friend on his prolonged absence from Mme. La Fontaine, who all this time had remained at Chateau Thierry. La Fontaine readily admitted the justice of the reproof, pleaded that the selfishness of his conduct had never occurred to him, and to make amends at once started on a visit to his wife. He returned from Chateau Thierry the next day. Racine inquired after Mme. La Fontaine. "I did not see her," said her husband. "How," asked Racine, "not see her? Was she from home?" "Yes, she was gone to prayers, and the servant, not knowing me, would not let me stay in the house till she returned." He was honestly satisfied that he had done his duty, and doubtless straightway forgot both the incident and Mme. La Fontaine.

The extremeness of his apathy is suggested rather than recorded by the story that he fell asleep in the theater during the first performance of an opera he had written. It is seriously narrated by most of his biographers that once when dining out he requested to be introduced to a young man whose conversation (overheard at table) had pleased him. "Why," said his hostess, "that is your own son." "Ah," replied La Fontaine, "I thought I had seen him before." And, contented, he passed on to talk to some one else. There is greater probability of authenticity in the story that when introduced to Louis XIV, that he might present the king with a book of his poems, La Fontaine searched his pockets in vain, and then tremblingly confessed that he had forgotten to bring the volume with him. The king laughed at the misadventure and cheered the crestfallen poet with a purse of gold. The event failed to stimulate his dormant faculties; he left his purse of gold behind in the carriage.

Good natured, improvident, easy going and entirely devoid of business capacity, La Fontaine soon lost his patrimony and became dependent on the pockets of his friends and patrons. It was his good fortune to find a home ready to his hand always at the critical moment. When the Duchess of Bouillon was exiled he was received into her establishment and pensioned by Henrietta, daughter of Charles I of England and wife of the Duke of Orleans. Her death threw La Fontaine on his beam ends for a moment—if indeed the metaphor be applicable to one fated to sail in smooth waters. But immediately he was rescued from distress by Mme. de la Sabliere, and he enjoyed free rooms. She had occasion once to discharge her whole establishment, "except," she added as an afterthought in narrating the circumstance, "my three pets—my cat, my dog and La Fontaine." The husband of Mme. de la Sabliere was cheated in a love affair with an actress and committed suicide at the romantic age of 65. His wife died broken hearted soon afterward.

La Fontaine was once more destitute. Again a great lady came to his rescue. Mme. d'Hervart, having heard of his distress, proceeded to offer him an asylum in her house. Setting out on that very errand, she met the poor poet in the street. "La Fontaine, come and live in my house," she said, without preamble. "I was just going, madam," he answered with equal directness.—Pall Mall Gazette.

A Pert Retort.

This story is told of a master of Trinity college in days long gone by who had a partiality for figs. He held that there was one supreme moment in the existence of a fig when it should be eaten, not a minute before or after, and he watched over his fig tree with tenderness and devotion. It was a mild year, and the sun had done his best in the perfecting process, and hoping to enjoy his favorite fruit on the morrow the master wrapped a piece of silver paper round it, leaving it labeled, "The master's fig." What a very foolish thing to do with a few hundred "undergrads" about! The auspicious day dawned, and the master, looking at his watch for the last time, walked confidently across the quad. But imagine his dismay on finding his precious tidbit gone, and on the now empty packet the label, "A fig for the master."—Household Words.

Chateau Lafitte.

In 1793 the vineyard belonged to M. de Pichard, president of the Guienne parliament, and the republican leaders did a good stroke of business by guillotining him and appropriating his property. It was, however, soon sold by the state, and after passing from purchaser to purchaser at an average price of about £40,000 it was bought some 25 years ago by Baron James de Rothschild for £180,000 and still remains in his family. About £6,000 a year is spent on its cultivation. There is perhaps no wine that gains more by keeping, and some seven or eight years ago a bin of the vintage of 1864 fetched no less than 50 francs a bottle at Bordeaux itself.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Sharp Witted Cat.

A correspondent of the London Spectator reports a clever trick of a black Persian cat of the name of Prin. One of his peculiarities is a disrelish of meats unless they are roasted. The cook undertook to break him of this foolish whim. In short, she determined to starve it out of him.

She set before him a saucer of boiled meat. Prin turned away from it in disgust. "Very well," said the cook. "It is that or nothing."

For three days the cat went hungry, the boiled meat remaining untouched. But on the fourth morning the cook found the saucer empty.

"Ah, Prin," she said, "so you have come to your meat."

That day the cat fared sumptuously on roast beef with plenty of gravy. But on Saturday, when the potboard under the dresser was cleaned, the cook found in one of the stewpans the boiled meat which had remained three days in Prin's saucer. The cat had been too sharp for her.

"I know this story to be true," concludes the correspondent.

Love.

Love, like faith, is reasonable, yet it is not attained by a process of reasoning. Love is consistent with reason, but reason is not its basis. A mother's love for her child is reasonable, yet a mother does not wait to argue herself into a conviction that it is right for her to love that child before she gives it her love. The highest human love is prompted by the truest instincts of the soul and not by the logic of the cold intellect. Love of God, like love for a human dear one, is prompted by the inner nature of man, and while it is most reasonable it is not a result of reasoning. God is love, and man formed in God's likeness is capable of loving apart from the demands of logic.—Selected.

Go Slow.

My son, you should not be hasty and call a man a liar simply because he never indulges in the truth, but basks continually in the sunshine of mendacity. It is just possible that he may be a statesman.—Boston Transcript.

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A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 35
7 15		Lv....Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 43	3 47	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 42
11 22	4 20	Lv..Maysville..........Lv	3 20	10 09
11 43	4 38	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	3 00	9 55
12 25	5 10	Ar .Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 37	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains of A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

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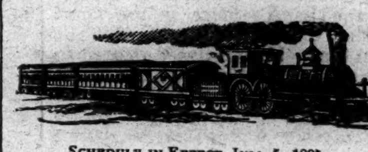

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JULY 5, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.18 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 39 p m. Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Dunbar 7 50 p m, returning leave Dunbar 6 30 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.25 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.55 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 5.05 p m, 4.80 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 5.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11.03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Trains lve Pregnall's 3.15 p m, Summerton 4.47 p m, Sumter 6.15 p m, Darlington 7.55 p m, Bennettsville 8.54 p m, arrive Hamlet 9.50 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 6.50 a m, Bennettsville 7.11 a m, Darlington 8.11 a m., Sumter 9.45 a m. Summerton 10 40 a m, arrive Pregnall's 12.15 p m. Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
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J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

The Times

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IS KENTUCKY A DOUBTFUL STATE?

The peculiar political conditions that exist in Kentucky have led many people to believe that the State is a doubtful one and that the Republicans have a chance to carry it this fall. For this reason there is great interest, both at home and abroad, in accurate and reliable political news from all parts of the State. The Weekly Courier-Journal is now covering this field perfectly, and it is publishing the news without bias or prejudice. A close reader of the Weekly Courier-Journal should be able to forecast in advance what will be the outcome of the State election next November. In addition to giving all the political news and all the news of every kind, the Weekly Courier Journal is offering to its subscribers $5,000 in cash presents for guesses as to the exact vote and closest to the exact vote that will be received by the Democratic, Republican and Populist candidates for Governor of Kentucky. The price of the paper is only one dollar a year. Sample copies containing full details of the cash present plan will be sent free to any address. Write to COURIER-JOURNAL COMPANY, Louisville, Ky. aug 21 3t

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv.......Climax.......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro.... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall... Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 15 a. m
6 12 "	Ar......Maxton.. .. Lv	9 29 "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 51 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 35 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur. .Lv	5 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro.........................	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale.........................	10 50 "
Arrive Madison...........................	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison.............................	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale.........................	1 35 "
Arrive Greensboro........................	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.
my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No.25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 1?	12 45	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43
Leave Charlotte			10 43
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No.38 Daily	No.26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway. at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.
JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.

To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a. m.
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9..00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 31
CROATAN, Saturday, Sept. 7

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 31
ONEIDA, Saturday, Sept. 7

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Aug. 27
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Sept. 3

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. aug 25 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 27, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined three to ten points, but rallied and closed very steady at a decline of one to four points, the distant months showing the most steadiness. The sales were 175,000 bales. Consumption last season approximated 9,000,000 bales, the largest on record, and some are looking for an even larger consumption this year. Liverpool was firm on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales; futures advanced two and one-half points there, but lost this and closed easy at a decline from Saturday's figures of one point. Manchester was quiet, but firm. New Orleans declined six to eight points, but recovered much of this later on. Spot cotton, however, declined 1-16c in New Orleans, though it was steady here and 1-16c higher at Savannah, and generally steady or firm at Southern markets. New York sold 900 bales to spinners, Savannah sold 1,707 and New Orleans 250. Port receipts were 755 bales, against 953 this day last week and 4,869 last year; Houston receipts 495 bales, against 100 this day last week and 1,826 last year.

To-day's features: Greatly to everybody's surprise Liverpool closed weak at some decline to-day, and this caused not a little selling for local account, while there was also, as was no more than natural after the sharp rise of late, quite a little selling for Southern and European account. Then, too, the weather in the Atlantic States was more favorable; some further gold exports were reported; a decline in spot cotton was reported at New Orleans, and other produce markets showed weakness. Yet toward the close the tone became firmer again, and the net decline for the day was slight, partly owing to pretty good buying by local interests friendly to cotton. Besides the rainfall in Texas was very small and the Signal Service predicted continued fair weather in Texas. The receipts at the ports and the interior towns were still light, and many people believe that cotton at occasional reactions is destined to reach higher figures. There was a pretty good spot demand here, a better trade at Savannah, a fair demand at least at Liverpool, while Manchester was firm and a brisk dry goods business is in progress in this city.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat Depressed and Lower—Corn Higher—Oats Lower—Pork Products Dull but Steady.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 26.—To-day's session was another disappointment to bulls in wheat. The market opened slumpy on heavy shipments from abroad and lower cables, but the Northwestern receipts being considerably under the estimate tended to steady prices. There was also a fair local buying around 61¼c, which was the "Put" price. September wheat opened from 61¼c to 61⅛, sold between 61⅜@61¼c and 60⅝@60¾c, closing at 61⅛—⅜c under Saturday. Cash wheat was weak and 1c per bushel lower.

Corn—The depressed tone of wheat caused an easy tone in corn, but the market quickly rallied and held steady on covering by "shorts" and on the large withdrawals from store. September corn opened from 35⅝c to 35¼c, sold between 36c and 35¼c, closing at 36—⅛c over Saturday. Cash corn was quiet and prices unchanged.

Oats were dull and steady, prices responding to the changes in wheat and corn. The visible supply increased 88,000 bushels. September closed ⅛c under Saturday. Cash oats were weak and ⅛c lower.

Provisions were very dull but steady. Trading was light, consisting mainly of changing from the September options to October and January options. At the close September pork was 2½c higher than Saturday; September lard 2½c lower, and September ribs 5c lower. Domestic markets were quiet and rather steady.

BUTLER'S SILVER CLUBS.

Secretary Coke's Recovery Doubtful—Negro Republicans.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 26.—Secretary of State Octavius Coke is reported worse to day, and his recovery is extremely doubtful.

Senator Butler, Populist, said to-day that he was receiving every day advices of the organization of free silver clubs, and that the free coinage men would thoroughly organize in the State.

Ex-Representative Cheatham, one of the negro leaders, said to-day that there would be no independent political action by the negroes, as has been anticipated, but that they will vote the Republican ticket as heretofore. The negroes now hold the balance of power in this State.

A VICTIM OF CIGARETTES.

He Smoked About One Hundred a Day.

DEXTER, MO., August 25.—Oscar Cunningham, a young man, died last night from the effects of cigarette poisoning. When death came he was smoking a cigarette, and had grown so emaciated from the use of the poison he had to take to his bed. He awoke at 12 o'clock last night, rolled a cigarette, lighted it, called for a drink of water and expired in an instant. He smoked about one hundred daily.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

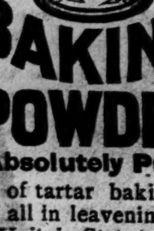
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 27¼@27¾c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

CHARLESTON, August 26.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¾c; receipts 43 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 05@1 15; receipts 207 barrels.

SAVANNAH, August 26.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c; sales 200 casks. Rosin—market firm, with sales of 3,000 barrels: A B C $1 10, D $1 25, E $1 30, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 60, K $1 85, M $2 20, N $2 55, window glass $2 75, water white $3 00.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

MURDERERS LYNCHED.

WHOLESALE HANGING IN A CALIFORNIA TOWN.

Four Men Forcibly Taken from Jail by a Mob and Hanged—A Negro Lynched by Negroes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

YREKA, August 26.—About 1 o'clock this morning a crowd of two hundred and fifty men gathered here to lynch the four negroes in the county jail. Small groups from all over Siskyou county began to arrive on the outskirts of the town about 9 o'clock last night. At 1 o'clock the crowd had gathered. They secured an old rail at the depot and carried it to the court house square, placing it between two trees. The local police were called away by a sham fight. By the time they returned they realized the intention of the crowd. The chief of police went to the engine house to ring the fire-alarm bell but found that the ropes had been cut. He then went to the jail, but the mob had already arrived and in such numbers that the police were powerless. A number of men, all masked, awakened Under-Sheriff Radford, in the sheriff's office in the court house, and demanded the keys of the jail from him. He positively refused to open the door or give up the keys. Finding that Radford was immovable, they went across to the jail and got on top of the stone wall which surrounds it. The deputy sheriff, who sleeps in the jail, fired two shots to alarm the marshal, thinking some of the prisoners were trying to escape. He then opened the door and was immediately seized by the mob who entered the jail. Having no keys to the cells they were compelled to smash the locks with sledge hammers.

Lawrence H. Johnson, who stabbed his wife to death July 28th, was first to receive the attention of the mob. They broke the lock from the door of his cell, and placing a rope around his neck led him out of the jail and across the street to where the iron rail was laid between the forks of two trees. Johnson pleaded for mercy, but the silent gathering gave no heed to his appeals. He was quickly strung up, dying from strangulation.

The mob then returned to the jail and broke into the cell of William Null, who shot Henry Hayton at Callahan's on April 21. Null asked to be allowed to make a statement, but the mob refused to listen and he was soon hanging beside Johnson.

Louis Moreno, who killed George Sears on the 5th inst., was next taken out and hanged.

The last and youngest of the four was Garland Semler, aged 19, who killed Caspar Molverhaus at Bailey Hill on the 5th inst. A rope was placed around his neck and in a few minutes he was swinging beside his companions.

About this time Sheriff Hobbs arrived on the scene, but was met by several of the mob who notified him that "the job was finished." By this time the greater part of the mob had disappeared, leaving only a few on guard. Soon these departed also, and the square was soon deserted.

The bodies were taken down by Coroner Schofield and Marshal Parks, who removed them in a wagon to the engine house where they were laid side by side. The coroner summoned a jury to hold the inquest, which is now in progress.

CINCINNATI, August 26.—A special to the *Post* from Springfield, Ky., says: A mob, composed of a dozen men, all negroes, took Morrison Leads, colored, from the jail here last night and hung him to a tree in the court house yard. About 11 o'clock they attacked the jail and demanded the keys of Jailor Smith, who, having been warned of their approach, escaped out of the back door with the keys. The mob, nothing daunted, repaired to a blacksmith shop, procured a sledge hammer and other tools, and began battering down the doors. It took three hours hard work to reach their victim, but their determination never wavered in the least, and promptly at 2 o'clock this morning he was hung. No resistance was offered the mob, and quite a number of people were on the street while they were at work but were afraid to interfere. The crime for which Lewis was lynched was a most cowardly murder. Last Friday night he went to the house of Joe Brooks, also colored, looking for another negro who had been too intimate with his (Lewis') paramour. Brooks told him that his man was not there, whereupon Lewis fired upon Brooks with a shotgun, killing him instantly.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Movements of U. S. Warships—Three Vessels in Chinese Waters.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 26.—A cablegram received at the Navy Department reported the departure to-day of the gunboat Concord from Chemulpo, Corea, for Che Foo, China. Her arrival at Che Foo will increase the number of U. S. vessels there to three, the other two being the flagship Baltimore and the gunboat Yorktown.

Acting Secretary McAdoo, of the Navy Department, told a United Press reporter that he did not know that any significance could be attached to this assemblage of the American naval force at Che Foo. He had given no orders regarding the movement of ships on the Asiatic station, where everything was in the hands of Rear Admiral Carpenter. For this reason Mr. McAdoo was unable to confirm a suspicion that this Government intended to make a demonstration against China on account of the missionary troubles.

A belated telegram received at the Navy Department this afternoon announced the departure from San Francisco for Yokohoma, Japan, of the cruiser Olympia, which will relieve the cruiser Baltimore as flagship of the Asiatic naval station. The Olympia is one of the finest vessels in the navy, and a better selection could not have been made in the event the U. S. Government desires to make a demonstration in Chinese waters on account of the missionary outrages. Her assignment to the Asiatic station was made prior to the Kucheng massacre, so there is no significance in it. The Baltimore will return home.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 7; Louisville, 2.
Boston—Boston, 8; Pittsburg, 2.
Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 1.
New York—New York, 9; St. Louis, 5.
Baltimore — Baltimore, 9; Cincinnati, 12
Washington — Washington, 9; Chicago, 9.
Atlanta—Atlanta, 10; Montgomery, 2.
Lynchburg — Lynchburg, 7 Richmond, 8.
Norfolk—Norfolk, 7; Roanoke, 3.
Evansville-New Orleans game postponed—rain.
Nashville—Nashville, 11; Mobile, 1.
Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 5; Petersburg, 1.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

The Baltimore & Ohio Looking to a Close Alliance of the Two Railroads.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, August 26.—Thomas M. King, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, will start to-day on a trip of inspection over the Roanoke & Southern and the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad lines. Mr. King will be accompanied by Gen. John Gill, receiver of the last named road, and Col. John A. Tompkins, expert accountant. It is said Mr. King's object in making the trip is to examine these railroad properties for the purpose of determining the practicability of bringing them into close alliance with the Baltimore & Ohio, thus giving that road access to a large section of the South and putting it in position to make further connections and extensions in that section. The Valley Railroad of Virginia, which is a part of the Baltimore & Ohio system, extends southward through the Shenandoah Valley from Harper's Ferry, W. Va., to Lexington, Va., about fifty miles from Roanoke, the northern terminus of the Roanoke & Southern. Any project for extending the business of the Baltimore & Ohio southward over the Roanoke & Southern would require the construction of a railroad between Lexington and Roanoke.

The building of such a connection has frequently been urged and the Baltimore & Ohio has surveys for it, which were made some time ago. It has been stated that the extension of the Baltimore & Ohio into the South was delayed and prevented by the urgent necessity of improving its trunk line route between the West and East, which included the building of the Philadelphia branch, traffic arrangements over the Philadelphia & Reading to New York and the securing of terminal facilities in New York and Chicago.

The Roanoke & Southern is 123 miles long and extends south from Roanoke to Winston-Salem, N. C. It is leased by the Norfolk & Western Company. At Winston, connection is made with the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Road, which extends northward from Wilmington, N. C., on the coast, to Mt. Airy, N. C., a few miles south of the Virginia line. The main line of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Road is 248.28 miles long. It has a half dozen branches which give it a total mileage of 338.68 miles.

IN THE PRIZE RING.

Lively Bout Between Frank Erne and Jock Skelly—Jim Handler Knocked Out by Kid Lavigne.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MASPETH, L. I., Aug. 26.—The new Empire Athletic Club of Maspeth, L. I., to-night was formally opened. The principal bout of the evening was between George Lavigne, the Saginaw Kid, and Jimmy Handler, of Newark. There were about 2,000 people present when the opening bout between Frank Erne, of Buffalo, and Jock Skelly, of Brooklyn, was announced. The bout was a lively one, and was of the give-and-take order. Skelly drew the first blood and knock-down, the former in the first round and the latter in the fourth. When the seventh round was reached both men were weak, but fought gamely. Skelly got in a good right on the head and a left hander on the face which made Erne bleed freely. Erne got in a good right hander and then landed twice on the heart and followed up with his left on the face. Skelly sank to the ropes and rolled over on his side. He was unable to get up and was counted out. The round lasted two minutes and forty seconds. Skelly had to be carried to his corner.

The star bout of the evening was between Kid Lavigne, of Saginaw, Mich., and Jimmy Handler, of Newark. The bout was 20 rounds at 144 pounds.

Round 1—Lavigne landed lightly on the breast. After some give and take work Handler landed twice with the left. Lavigne got in a right hand swing on the head and immediately got in a left hand swing on the jaw. Handler landed his right on the face, and missed a vicious left swing.

Round 2—Lavigne rushed, landing his left on the neck. He then led for the face and Handler caught him with a left swing on the body and followed it up with his left on the jaw. He went for his man with a series of right and left swings and almost had Handler on the ropes. The round was all in Lavigne's favor.

Round 3—Lavigne got in his left on the nose and landed twice on the face. He then landed heavily with the left and went for his man in terrific style. He fell short with his left and Handler uppercut him. The Kid got in some body blows and drove Handler to the ropes. Handler rallied, however, near the close.

Round 4—They sparred for an opening, and Lavigne got in a body blow which sent Handler to the ropes. He followed it up with his right on the jaw. Handler appeared weak and Lavigne landed some heavy blows on the body, forcing his man to the ropes. Just as the gong sounded Lavigne got in his right and left on the head.

Round 5—The Kid got in his right on the body and immediately after landed his left. Handler was very groggy and Lavigne got in a heavy blow which knocked Handler down. The Newark boy got to his feet, but immediately afterward the Kid landed his right on the jaw and Handler was knocked down and out. One minute and seven seconds of the round had elapsed.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Madrid *Dia* asserts that the Government have abandoned their intention to send 23,000 soldiers to Cuba in October.

At a meeting of the Savannah and Western bondholders 70 per cent. of the bonds were represented. It was decided by a unanimous vote to accept the plan of reorganization of the Georgia Central.

General Duchesne, commander of the French forces operating in Madagascar, has informed the War Office, under date of the 22nd instant, that the French have captured Andriba, almost without a fight.

A Shanghai advices have been received from Cheng-Tu that the Viceroy has already caused the execution of four of the leaders of the attack recently made by the natives upon the Christian mission at Kucheng.

W. W. Kettle, of Washington, D. C., shot and instantly killed himself at Hotel Willey, Pittsburg, Pa., yesterday morning. Saturday evening he mailed a money order for $100 to G. W. Kettle, Bartow, Fla. He was connected with the War Department at Washington.

To Cleanse the System.

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

CAPT. ASHE'S BOOK ON FREE COINAGE OF SILVER.

W. H. Henry's Farewell—A Fast Colt—Cotton Picking—Board of Public Charities—Inspection of State Farms—Secretary Coke Improving—The Arrington Investigation.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 26.

Capt Ashe's book on the free coinage of silver is in the form of financial chats between several friends and is called "A Day with the Professor and His Friends." One of the characters is a college professor and there is a New York drummer who is a monometallist; another is a Kansas farmer who naturally is a Populist, while the chief talker is "The Major," a free coinage Democrat. The table of contents indicates that the ground on which the monometallists stand is not solid, that monometallism has proved a failure, and that free coinage of silver can be successfully maintained in the United States independently of European nations, if the administration be in earnest about it. Edwards & Broughton are now running the book through their presses and it will be out in ten days. There are about twenty illustrations. The price of the book will be twenty-five cents.

W. R. Henry's "farewell" remarks appear to-morrow. Compositors began to put it in type to-day and it is the rumor on the streets that the *Caucasian* has put in a large order for ice in the event of the type melting.

There is a horse in Raleigh, "St. Eolaus," who is entered for $60,000 worth of purses on the turf next year. The horse is a yearling and belongs to Mr. James Boylan. He is the strongest bred Leamington in the United States. He goes into training November the first. Last week, his uncle, Henry of Navarre, sold for $85,000. When the colt was first foaled, a New York gentleman offered $1,800 for him.

Cotton buyers here say that the first bale will not be brought to market until after September the first. If the weather remains good, picking will begin the latter part of the week.

On the sixth of September the Board of Public Charities will meet in this city in semi-annual session. Capt. C. B. Denson says that in reporting the condition of the institutions in the county, he will say that they are in better condition than they have ever been before.

The next examination for applicants to practice law will be held Monday, September 30th, in the Supreme Court building.

Governor Carr, Treasurer Worth, Auditor Furman and Mr. Young, of Cabarrus county, chairman of the Board of Directors, left to-day for the penitentiary farms in Halifax county. This is the annual time for inspection of the farms by the Governor and council. Mr. Young accompanied them in place of Mr. Leazer, who is detained at home.

Secretary Coke improved steadily last week, but to-day he had a slight setback. His condition was more hopeful yesterday.

The Governor has issued a requisition on the Governor of South Carolina for one Demps Grant, charged with burglarizing a residence. Grant stole a watch and $50 from a sleeping room. The crime was committed in Buncombe county. Grant is under arrest in Greenville, S. C.

Mr. W. J. Toomer, of Wilmington, has been appointed a notary public.

Governor Carr has issued a requisition on the Governor of Tennessee for Lee Bailey, an escaped convict.

A large party will attend the Newbern Fair from this city.

This piece of news will certainly affect the risibles of the public. The Tribunal of Talents, miscalled the Arrington Investigating Committee, will try and pull themselves together the latter part of the week. I have seen a letter from "Justice" Phillips stating that the Committee will try to meet. C. J. Campbell will turn up if he can get transportation. Little Billie Bryan is not stuck on coming. Strong pressure is being exerted to keep him away. Phillips and Campbell will be here if Treasurer Worth will pay them for their time, otherwise they may not. Mr. Worth tells me that he will honor no claims made by any of the committee.

Mr. T. R. Purnell, attorney for the committee, when asked about the approaching meeting said that it was one of the ethics of the profession not to tell their clients' business. The State will be informed of the movements of these most august personages.

The Mechanics' Dime Savings Bank will be opened November 1st for business. It will have as a feature the new system of lock boxes, which the depositors carry home with them.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Phillips, of Pitt, arrived to-night. Lord Chief Justice Campbell is expected to-morrow. It is not known whether Bryan is coming. Phillips says the committee will meet, regardless of Bryan's appearance.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

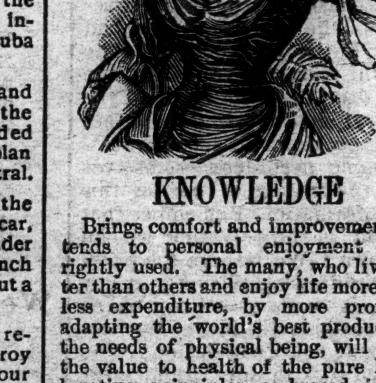
W. S. Rone, P. E.

Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1

Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8

Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15

Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Three acres Land in East Wilmington, cheap for cash. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. aug 27 tf

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating. Trade secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. aug 27 tf

Wanted to buy, a residence for about $2,000 Apply to Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. aug 24 tf

For Rent—A Residence on Orange street between Fourth and Fifth, Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. aug 21 tf

For Rent—Store on Front street. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. aug 24 tf

For Rent—Smaller houses not enumerated. Call on Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. aug 24 tf

For Rent—From 1st of October, that commodious brick house, No. 411 North Front street, known as the Victor House; will be rented partly furnished if desired. Apply to James Madden, 409 North Front street. aug 25 1w

Removal—Dr. W. C. Bulluck has removed his office to 101 Princess street, over the store of I. Shrier, aug 25 2t

Syrup at 25 cent per gallon. Also Molasses, Flour and Groceries of all kinds at bottom prices. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, Wilmington, N. C. c21

Front corner Office in Navassa Company's building for rent from October 1st, 1895. No more pleasant or convenient location in the city. Apply to Navassa Guano Company. aug 23 3t

For Rent—This Store No. 123 South Front street, now occupied bo Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st, 1895. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

For Rent—That desirable Dwelling on South Fifth street, between Dock and Orange. All modern improvements. At present occupied by Mr. A. H. Holmes. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D'Connor, Real Estate Agent. aug 21 tf

For Rent—No. 308 South Front street, at present occupied by Mr. James Sprunt. F. A. Lord, Agent. july 18 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where rhe will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

No. 111 Market Street,

are now making preparation for their

Magnificent Stock

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods.

Their store has been altered, enlarged and greatly improved and many

NEW GOODS

are now in store.

Agency for Dr. Jaegers'

Sanitary Underwear

—AND—

IMPERIAL PAPER PATTERNS.

We cordially invite the public to call on us.

JOHNSON & FORE.

aug 25 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

Young Printer Wanted.

A YOUNG PRINTER WHO IS WELL ADvanced, and wishes to complete his trade, may secure employment as a "Two-Thirder," if well recommended, by applying at the STAR OFFICE.

aug 14 3t

A Popular Place.

"The Prettiest Store Room in the State."

Elegance and Comfort.

"STEAM HEAT AND PASSENGER ELEVATOR, DELIGHTFUL!"

"You Will Have the Best. It's Your Way."

"IT WILL BE A PLEASURE TO VISIT A STORE LIKE THAT."

The above are remarks made by prominent Ladies of this city about our

NEW STORE,

No. 29 North Front St.

SPECIALS IN

DryGoods

THIS WEEK.

Hundreds of Bargains, stylish, useful and pretty are here. Tap our stock when you will, it's rich in value to the purchaser.

Read These Items.

Carbolic Soap 5c cake, worth 10c.
100 yards Veiling 10c per yard, worth 35c.
Gent's Suspenders 35c, worth 50 and 75c.
Gent's Tecks only 10c, worth 25c.
500 yards Lace 5c a yard.
10,000 yards Crash 3c a yard.
Silk Belts 10c, worth 50c.
Pearl Buttons 25c a dozen, worth 50 cents.
Castile Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.
Rick Rack Braid in 24 yard pieces, only 5c a bunch.
Wash Silks reduced to 25c a yard.
Good Machine Spool Cotton two spools for 5c.
New line Percales and Calicos just received.
Sole Agentf for Onyx, Smith & Angels's Black Hosiery.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

aug 25 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Aoland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Appolinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda Hawthorn and others.

For Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in an action therein pending wherein Junius Davis, Receiver, is plaintiff, and A. B. Cook et al. are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner, duly appointed by said decree, will sell at public auction for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock M., the following described real estate in the said city of Wilmington—Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Front and Castle streets, and running thence eastwardly along the southern line of said Castle street two hundred and twenty feet, thence southwardly across lots 1 and 2, block 73, to the northern line of lot 3 in said block, one hundred and thirty-two feet, thence along said line westwardly to the eastern line of Front street two hnndred and twenty feet, thence along said line northwardly one hundred and thirty-two feet to the beginning, same being the the western two-thirds of lots 1 and 2, block 73, according to the official plan of said city of Wilmington.

HERBERT McCLAMMY, Commissioner.

aug 20 4t tu

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

Must Be Sold

By September 5th.

What I have left, in the way of

DryGoods

must be sold by the 5th of September, and in order to do this I offer you these goods for less than you can buy them elsewhere, and some of them for a great deal less than they cost me:

Dr. Warner's Health Corsets for 90c, regular price $1.25 each.
Dr. Warner's Health Corsets, old price $1, now 75c each.
The Royal Worcester Corsets, price $1, now 75c each
Royal Worcester Corsets in the 50c grade, for 37½c each.
One lot of 50c black Corsets at 20c each.
Chemisettes, regular price 25c each, now down to 10c, and they are all new styles.
One lot of Face Veiling at 3c and 10c a yard, the old price was 12½c to 25c a yard.
Skirt Canvas, all linen, 8c a yard, regular price is from 12½c to 15c per yard.
Ladies' Belts, old price 10c, new price 5c each
One lot of Winter Flannel Dress Goods, regular price from 50c to 60c a yard, now 25c.
One lot of colored Table Covers at 25c each, regular price 50c.
Dress Shields at 5c up, real value from 10c to 15c up.
Dress Braid from 1c a yard to 10c, the old price is 5c to 25c up.
Spool Silk of the best grade for 5c a spool.
Coats' Spool Cotton at 3c. Clark's Spool Cotton at 3 cents.
Ladies' Hose (red) at 3c a pair.
Children's Hose (striped) at 2c a pair.
Hooks and Eyes 1c a paper.
Colored linen Crash at 5c a yard, regular price 10c.
One lot of Lace from ½c to 1c a yard, the old price was from 5c to 25c.
Silk Ball Knitting at 10c each, regular price everywhere 25c.
One lot of Hand Bags at 15c each, regular price 25c to 50c. Black Dress Goods, Silk Warp Henrietta, 46 inches wide, price now 60c a yard, old price $1.
One piece of Black Camel Hair Serge, 44 inches, at 50c a yard.
Bleach Table Linen, round thread, of extra good value, 68 inches wide, and sold for $1.15 a yard, at 62c a yard.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair, regular price 75c, $1 and $1.25.
One piece of red Table Cloth, now 33½c a yard was 50c a yard.
Trunks at cost for cash.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,

aug 25 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr, Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,958	$30,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.......	15,600	15,600	13,500
Deposits.............	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

Way Down in Dixie.

Yes, way down in the South,
Where the wild flowers bloom,
On the banks of the old Cape Fear.
You will find a well known and very popular firm,
Whose principles have ever been faithful and true.

For seven long years they've stood by the rack,
Standing ever ready their prices to whack;
With their prices whacked and chopped down,
Their large stock has increased, until they are compelled, for the want of room, to move up town.

We will on September 1st say adieu to the dear old stand as of yore, and will take up our headquarters in a better land for some time more at 115 North Front street. We expect to light and there stay for five long years with no trouble in sight. Let us say thank you to our dear patrons in the past and kindly ask you to go with us even to the last. In our new and handsome store, with stock greatly increased, with the aid of an elevator, so new and fine, to show you the three floors all at one time. It will place under your view goods of every clime, with prices to suit these hard times. With silks and satins and Dress Goods of all kinds, with Checks and Domestics to suit all minds.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.

aug 25 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

Schools and Colleges.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA,

Charlottesville, Va.

Elective courses leading to the B. S degree in Civil, Mining, or Mechanical Engineering, Chemistry, Natural History, and so on. Well equipped laboratories of Physics, Mechanics, Chemistry and Biology; Astronomical Observatory, Natural History Museum. For catalogues, address

WM. M. THORNTON, LL. D., Chairman.

aug 20 13t tu th sa

William and Mary College,

Williamsburg, Va.

BOARD FROM $12 TO $15 PER MONTH. Tuition fee for half session $17.50. Medical fee $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the Medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, light and washing. Full collegiate course next session begins October 3rd, 1895. Send for Catalogue.

LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D., President.

july 26 2m fri tu

NORTH CAROLINA

College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to

A Q HOLLADAY, Pres., Raleigh, N. C.

july 11 tf

RAVENSCROFT SCHOOL, ASHEVILLE.

PREPARATORY AND HIGH SCHOOL FOR Boys. Climate unsurpassed. Thorough instruction in all departments. Students prepared for entrance to or advanced standing in College or University. References—The Bishop of N. C., ex-Mayor T. W. Patton of Asheville, etc. For further information, testimonials, announcements for next session, etc., address T. H. T. WIGHT, Asheville, N. C.

jy 24 1m

PEACE

Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $275 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.

je 23 3m

St. Mary's School For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene. Address the Rector,

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.

july 6 2m

Oak Ridge Institue.

"Stands in the forefront of Southern Fitting Schools:" Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; nearly $40,000 in buildings and equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above the sea level; in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost," our motto: Write for Catalogue.

J. A. & M. H. HOLT, Oak Ridge, N. C.

jy 14 tf

A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" had to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagleship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get yonr money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

In Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

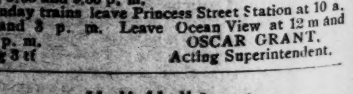
Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

aug 25 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER JULY 28TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5 00 and 7.15 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11 00 a. m, 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m., and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT. Acting Superintendent.

aug 3 tf

Half-Holiday.

BY Agreement with all other Barbers of the city our shop will close every Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Our patrons will please take notice, and oblige us by calling on Friday morning.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Experts in Barbering, South Front St.